THE MEREDITH EAGLE.

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APART.

We meet no more, yet dear you are:
In memory sweet, your face I see
With splendor, often from afar
In thought your presence comes to me;
I see your form amid the crowd,
Your tender eyes with beauty gleam,
As starbeams, through a rifted cloud,
Shine on a dark and troubled stream.

I dream of you when sunsets glow
With crimson light in western skies.
You clasp me in your lovely arms,
I gaze into your trustful eyes,
I hear the throbbing of your heart,
While closely in my fond embrace;
I feel your kisses on my lips,
Your warm breath on my swarthy face.

Oh, I have known what man can bear
Of bitter wrongs, but they are past,
And deep in dark chasms of despair
My hopeless spirit has been cast.
But all my sorrows pass away,
And I have reason to rejoice—
For I have seen your face to-day,
And heard the music of your voice.

EUGENE J. HALL.

Pretty Mary Shea.

BY W. S. FRENCH.

I was walking one evening in my private pleasure grounds, after a day of heavy labor in the office, when I thought I perceived a pair of bright eyes watching me through the leaves of some holly bushes with which the wood abounds. I stopped immediately and asked who was there.

"Oh, indeed, your honor, it's only me; and I know it's against the rules of the office to come here. But shure, wasn't I waiting at the office door all day, and they wouldn't let me in, because, they said, I was well able to hold out still, and wasn't nigh so weak as many of the creatures that was there. And that was true enough; but then they didn't know that I had ten long miles to go home before night; and so, as some said your honor was a good man, though some said not, I thought I would just chance it for once, and may be your honor would find time to speak to a poor, desolate orphan like me, even though it is against the rules."

She had watched my countenance with the quickness of an Irish peasant during the whole time she was speaking; and in fact I felt sure she had prolonged her statement for that sole purpose, in order to form an estimate of her success, or vary her line of advance according as circumstances disclosed themselves. I saw this perfectly at the time; but my interest in her vivacious courage was so great, and my admiration of her beauty so impossible to conceal, that she saw in a moment, though I had not yet spoken a word, that she had won her point.

"Ah! well I knew your honor had a good, kind heart within you," said she, coming forward with graceful animation, under cover of her well-turned flattery. "And now, may be I'd never have another opportunity, and oh! just listen to me till I tell you what I have to say, for mine is sore, sore sorrow!"

In a moment her whole countenance, almost her form, had changed. Her courage—some of which she had evidently derived from her beauty—seemed to have departed. Tears filled her eyes as she looked down upon the ground, and even her form seemed to lose many inches of its height. I could scarcely have thought that the same human being was before me, as she now stood about to tell her tale of sorrow.

"Mary Shea is my name," said she—"that is, my maiden name, and for that matter, I am not married."

"Married!" I exclaimed, "why, you seem scarcely seventeen years of age. What is your case? What do you want me to do?"

"I'll tell your honor that," replied she. "What I want your honor to do is, to put Eugene's name in the books, as tenant for the little place I have up in the mountain."

"And who is Eugene? and how came you to have a little place of your own, and you so young as you are?"

"Ill tell your honor all about it," she replied. "The way of it all was this, your honor was not here in the 'hungry year,'" (a term frequently used amongst the peasantry to describe the famine); "but then was terrible times. I was only a little slip of a girl then. But my father had a little place up in the mountains, the same as what I was now talking about. Well, you see, he was an ould man, and my mother was sickly, and they had no other child but me, and the place was very small, and when the potatoes blackened, sure they had no one but God to look to. 'Father,' says I, 'I fear ye'll die, and mother, too, if ye don't get something to ate.'

"Well, ye see, we lived far up in the mountains, and no meal or anything could be got there, except what I brought myself—and it was ten long miles from Kenmare. 'But still,' says I, 'I won't let father die if I can help it!' So we had a few hives of honey, and I used to slip over to Kenmare, now and then, with a hive, and bring back a little meal to father. And I won't tell your honor a lie when I say that sorra ha'porth we had to live on except just the few hives of honey; and I knew when they were out, and I had no money to buy meal, we might just lie down and die.

"Well, sure enough, after a time the honey was all sold. With that I fed my father and myself for another weary month; and when the meal was out, father says to me, 'Mary dear, its no use striving any longer against the hunger. I can't stand it. I'm weak and faint, and not able to go out to the public works, and I might as well die in the house as on the roads; and now mind, Mary dear, when I die, bury me beside your mother in the garden.' 'Oh, father dear, don't talk that way,' says I; 'I'll just go out and see if I can't get something that will keep the life in ye yet.' So father said nothing, but just lay down on the bed, as if to wait till I came home. Well, I had some strength and spirit in me yet. And as Eugene and I had known each other since we were little children, I thought I would just go to him and see if he could help me. But when I went to his house he was far away on the public works. So I had no more heart nor strength to go any further, and I had enough to do to get home. But oh! sorrow came heavy on me then; for when I called on father, as I came in, to ask him if God had sent him any food, he did not answer; and when I came to his bed, and put my hand upon his forehead I found that he was dead and cold, and I was left alone in the world!"

Here the poor girl's voice failed; and, commencing to weep bitterly, she turned her head away. I found the tears rising in my own eyes too, but endeavoring to turn her thoughts from this sad scene, I said—

"You have mentioned Eugene once or twice—who is Eugene?"

She dried her eyes in a moment; and resuming the natural vivacity of her manner, she called aloud to some one who was evidently near at hand—

"Eugene! where are you, Eugene? I wouldn't wonder if he was here this minute!"

And, truly enough, he was; for slowly emerging from the same holly bush where I had observed the young damsel's eyes in the first instance, came a tall, good-looking youth, clean and fair, with a cheek as smooth as a woman's. He was about nineteen or twenty years of age, and as bashful as a youth detected under such circumstances—though she had evidently hid him there herself—could be.

"Don't be afeard, Eugene," cried the damsel—"don't be afeard. The gentleman isn't angry. Come and spake to him this minute. He's shy, your honor," said she, turning to me in a conciliatory voice, as if excusing and patronizing her lover, over whom she evidently considered she had a great advantage in facility of speech and general knowledge of the world—"he's shy, and doesn't know how to spake to a gentleman; and I hope you'll excuse him; but he is a good kind boy for all that and well able to become a tenant for the little place, if you will only put his name in the book."

"Well, but," I urged, "if I put his name down in the book, he will be the tenant, and not you; and how would that answer your purpose?"

"Oh, sure your honor, it would be all the same; we would get married at once, and we would have the little place between us, as I feel lonesome in it all by myself."

"How large is the little place?" inquired I.

"Well," for that matter, it is big enough," she replied; "but indeed it is not much good, as it's able to feed nothing but the bees. And, troth, I don't know where they find anything to gather, except in autumn, when the blossoms comes upon the heather."

"What is the value of the place?" I asked.

"Well, indeed, it's not much. The late agent said it was good value, little cabin and all, for 7s. 6d. a year, and the rent was never raised since, and we made a few parches of potato garden near the house."

"And so you and Eugene really want to marry and set up house upon a place only worth 7s. 6d. a year, cabin, mountain land, garden, and all?"

"Well, indeed, your honor, I don't see what better we could do. You see, Eugene and I have known each other for a long time now, and all the neighbors knows we love each other very much—and why wouldn't I love him, poor boy, when it was himself that saved my life."

"How did he save your life?" I asked.

"Well, you see, I was telling you all about it," she resumed, "when you asked for Eugene, and I had to present him to your honor. But, sure enough, it was Eugene, and no one else, that saved my life, that night I was telling you of when father died. I found him cold and stiff in the bed when I came home; and I had nothing in the house myself—no meat, nor bread, nor potatoes, not a ha'porth; so I just sat down on the bedside near him, and—God forgive me!—I prayed that He would take me too, for I was helpless and sorrowful, and weak and down-hearted, with the hunger. And then I began to cry; and I thought of my mother, how she had died, and how father was dead, and no one to bury him. 'And,' thinks I, 'if I die too, the cabin will make a decent little grave over us all, and no one will know anything about it!' So I was crying on, thinking of all these things, and wondering how it all came about, when I heard a footstep at the door, and I guessed at once it was Eugene's. So he never said a word to me at first, but he sat himself down beside me. And after a little, he says, 'What is it, Mary dear?' 'Oh, Eugene,' says I, 'mother is dead, and now father is dead—there he is before you—and I'm going to die too, for I'm broken hearted, and have nothing to eat.' 'Eat this,' says Eugene, and he pulled an elegant loaf out of his pocket—'I guess ye came up to look for me to-day; and when I came home from the works, and mother gave me my supper, I just put it in my pocket, as I wasn't a bit hungry myself, and came off with it to you. So eat it, Mary dear, for I couldn't eat it, if a basketful of bread was before me!' Well, I knew the poor boy had stinted himself to give it to me; but I was well nigh gone, so I just gave him a loving look, and says I, 'Eugene dear, I know well how it is; but I'll eat it for all that, for your sake, and for fear I'd die before your face.' And so I did. 'And now, Mary,' says he, 'come home with me, and mother will take care of you for a bit; and in the morning I'll come out myself and bury father for you.' And so he did—the brave boy that he is, shy as he looks before your honor now. And we dug the grave between us, and put father into it, just as he was—for we had no coffin—where would we get one that year?—and we laid him beside mother. And when the great day comes, sure they'll both rise together as well as if they were in a coffin of gold!"

Again she began to weep, but it was of short continuance this time.

"And now, won't you put Eugene's name in the book? and we'll go live there again, for it's hard to keep him away, and he is always pressing me to go with him to the priest. And we have put a new coat of thatch upon the little cabin, and may be God would go with us, and the bees would thrive, and the hungry year may never come on us again."

It was hard to resist such an appeal, especially when so easy an act on my part would make a young and attached couple happy. But when I reflected on the prospects in life upon which they were about to marry—nothing but a few acres of worthless heather, the cabin and all the land attached worth only 7s. 6d. a year, and fit for nothing but to feed bees—I felt that were I to grant her request, I should only perpetuate the very system which killed her father and mother; and, if extended now again, could not possibly lead to anything but the utmost want and misery. To think of such a handsome and loving couple as they were—squatting on this miserable plot of irreclaimable mountain-side! I could not bear to think of it, so I resolved, if I could, to save them from so unworthy a fate.

"Well, Mary, I have heard all you have to say, and I would gladly do anything in my power to serve you and Eugene, but I cannot bear the thought of a handsome girl like you, and a fine manly boy like him, settling down for life on this miserable patch on the side of a barren mountain. I am thinking it would be far better to try your fortune in America together, and go out like the other emigrants, so many of whom were pressing to get their names down to-day."

Mary was silent for a little. At last she said:

"Well, your honor, I often thought i would be better, sure enough, to try our fourtune in America, than to marry and settle on that small patch of barren land, where my little place is; but I couldn't think of going out on charity as a panper."

"I understand your scruples," I replied, "so I will propose another plan. What do you think if Eugene were to go out first—just for one year—and see whether the country would suit you and him? Let him return at the end of the year; and if he does not like America, then I will put his name in the books as tenant for your own little place, or probably I shall be able to give you and him a larger and better farm by that time."

"I would be loath to part with him for a whole year," said Mary looking lovingly upon the bashful Eugene; "but still I think it might be the best way after all; for no doubt it is a poor place to settle on. But Eugene has no money to go out with, and he couldn't go without that."

"He shall not fail for want of funds; I will lend him the money for his voyage. If he return rich, he will repay me; if not why it can't be helped."

"Your honor is very good," replied she, looking mournfully at Eugene; "but what will I do without him? and where will I go while he is away?"

"You can stay at mother's, dear, while I am away," broke in Eugene, who seemed suddenly to awake to an energy he had not before exhibited. "You well know she always loved you as a daughter, and she will care for you for my sake as well as for your own."

"I believe your honor's right," said Mary, turning to me; "let him go and try his fortune for one year. But mind," she added, as she looked toward the lad, it was Eugene, and no one else, that saved my life, that night I was telling you of when father died. I found him cold and stiff in the bed when I came home; and I had nothing in the house myself—no meat, nor bread, nor potatoes, not a ha'porth; so I just sat down on the bedside near him, and—God forgive me!—I prayed that He would take me too, for I was helpless and sorrowful, and weak and down-hearted, with the hunger. And then I began to cry; and I thought of my mother, how she had died, and how father was dead, and no one to bury him. 'And,' thinks I, 'if I die too, the cabin will make a decent little grave over us all, and no one will know anything about it!' So I was crying on, thinking of all these things, and wondering how it all came about, when I heard a footstep at the door, and I guessed at once it was Eugene's. So he never said a word to me at first, but he sat himself down beside me. And after a little, he says, 'What is it, Mary dear?' 'Oh, Eugene,' says I, 'mother is dead, and now father is dead—there he is before you—and I'm going to die too, for I'm broken hearted, and have nothing to eat.' 'Eat this,' says Eugene, and he pulled an elegant loaf out of his pocket—'I guess ye came up to look for me to-day; and when I came home from the works, and mother gave me my supper, I just put it in my pocket, as I wasn't a bit hungry myself, and came off with it to you. So eat it, Mary dear, for I couldn't eat it, if a basketful of bread was before me!' Well, I knew the poor boy had stinted himself to give it to me; but I was well nigh gone, so I just gave him a loving look, and says I, 'Eugene dear, I know well how it is; but I'll eat it for all that, for your sake, and for fear I'd die before your face.' And so I did. 'And now, Mary,' says he, 'come home with me, and mother will take care of you for a bit; and in the morning I'll come out myself and bury father for you.' And so he did—the brave boy that he is, shy as he looks before your honor now. And we dug the grave between us, and put father into it, just as he was—for we had no coffin—where would we get one that year?—and we laid him beside mother. And when the great day comes, sure they'll both rise together as well as if they were in a coffin of gold!"

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"I believe your honor's right," said Mary, turning to me; "let him go and try his fortune for one year. But mind," she added, as she looked toward the lad, "mind, Eugene, you must swear to me on the Book you will come back—rich or poor, I don't care which—within one year."

"I will swear to you freely," replied Eugene, who seemed suddenly to find his tongue and all his other energies at the prospect of such an opening.

"And will your honor promise on the word of a gentleman, to give us back the little place, or get us a better one when he returns, if he won't take me out with him again?" asked Mary with an appealing look.

"Indeed I will; I faithfully promise it, if I am alive and here."

"Well, then, let it be so," said the weeping Mary; "and now the sooner the better. When will your honor give him the money that he may go at once?"

"To-morrow morning. He shall also have a new suit of clothes, as fast as the tailor can make them, and I have no doubt he will get into immediate employment."

Mary looked at her lover, and at once perceived that a man's energy and courage had suddenly risen within him. He was no longer a sheepish boy, patronized and brought forward by her; and he took upon himself the unaccustomed task of comforting and patronizing her.

"Mary, dear, don't fret; as sure as the sun is in the heaven, I'll come back; I know I will, and this will be the last parting we will ever have. The gentleman has advised us for our good. I'll go seek my fortune in America, and, please God, I'll surely succeed; and then I'll come back for my own darling, and take her out along with me. For God's sake, master, let us be quick; for I daren't rest, or think of leaving Mary, or may be I couldn't go out at all."

Mary threw her arms about Eugene's neck, and—utterly regardless of my presence—sobbed and wept like a little child.

"Eugene," said she, "I know well I need not fear for your love if you were ten thousand miles away. Ye have proved it too often for me to doubt it for a moment now. Go, and God be with you; but—mind ye come back within the year, whether ye be rich or whether ye be poor—if rich, ye will be welcome, and if poor, ye will then be doubly welcome to your own darlin' Mary. Never forget that."

She then turned to me, and holding out her hand as a countess might have done, she continued:

"Thank your honor much for your kindness; I'll never forget it, either in this world or the next."

In a few days Eugene appeared before me, clad in a new and comfortable suit.

I gave him his passage money, and a couple of pounds over, that he might be able to go up the country, and look for employment at once. He thanked me in a manly, open way, and departed.

My time and attention were so much occupied with the onerous duties in which I was then engaged, that, though I often thought of Mary and her lover, yet I never had an opportunity of making special inquiries about her; but one day she sought me again as I was walking in the same grounds, and coming up to me with a countenance beaming with pleasure, she showed me a letter from Eugene. It was not long, nor what most people would call very interesting; but he told her he was in full employment with a good and kind man—that he had already saved £7 out of his earnings, and he hoped, before very long, to come back and claim his prize; and carry his darling Mary off to a far home he was even then preparing for her. This was about six or seven months after he left, and she had remained sometimes in her "own little place," as she called it, and sometimes with his mother ever since.

About five months after the last interview, I was walking alone along the seashore, near the boat-house at Kenmare, when I was again waylaid by the handsome girl; but this time she was accompanied by a young man. She looked grave, though happy, as she walked lovingly by his side, and her patronizing ways had altogether departed from her. I looked carefully at the young man. He was tall and strong; his beard was massive, and reached almost to his chest; his face was handsome, but sunburnt and weather-beaten; and his whole appearance was as little like her lover Eugene as it was possible for it to be.

I stood still as the pair approached me, looking intently from one to the other. Mary and the man came close up to me, and—as neither of them addressed me—I was the first to speak.

"How is this, Mary?" said I, "and who is this man who accompanies you? You surely do not mean to say that you have cast off Eugene, and taken up with another man?"

Mary leaped nearly a foot from the ground as I said so. "I knew your honor wouldn't know him!" she cried in sudden ecstasy of joy. "Why, this is Eugene himself! Sure didn't he deceive *me*, when he first came into the cabin, and why would your honor know him? Look at him now, and tell me if he has not grown a real man in earnest. Turn round, Eugene, and show yourself;" and assuming her old patronizing way for a moment, she turned him round and round for me to look at and admire, whilst he submitted with a loving, tender look at his bride.

"And so this is indeed Eugene come back," I exclaimed, "and such a fine, manly-looking fellow too. I hope you prospered, Eugene, and that you will now take out Mary to a new and happy home far better and richer than her little place on the barren mountain?"

Eugene was about to reply, when Mary leaped up, and caught him round the neck with her arms.

"Oh, Eugene!" cried she—almost in hysterics between joy and anxiety—"take me away with you soon! oh, take me away!—we cannot go too soon for me!" Then—turning rapidly to me—she said in a joyous and altered voice:

"He has got a fine place of his own now, and twenty acres of good land, and a grand wooden house, in which he says I can live as comfortable as any lady. Oh, Eugene, darlin'!" cried she, turning to him again, "take me away—take me away! and let us go to our new home, and never know sorrow or hunger more!"

She burst into tears, and, clinging to his neck, kissed him over and over again, till he took her gently in his arms, and placed her sitting—still sobbing like a child—on a bank of grass close by.

"Sir," said he, "I have to thank you for your kindness. I have brought back with me the money you lent me, and am now ready to repay you. I have a neat place to bring Mary to, and all reasonable comforts for her. I could have made it better had I waited another year; but I promised in your presence not to let more than one year pass without returning—whether I came rich or poor. I have come back according to my promise. If not rich, at least with enough to give her plenty to eat, and a warm comfortable home; and I hope soon to make it better. To-morrow we go to Cork; we are to be married there. The next day we sail for the West. May God bless you, sir! I will never forget your kindness." And he placed his passage-money in my hand.

Mary sat listening while he spoke, sobbing and crying all the while. He lifted her gently up. She seized my hand and kissed it, covering it with her tears. Then suddenly smiling, whilst the large drops trembled in her eyes, she gave me one grateful and happy look, and left the seashore with her lover.

A COSTLY DOG.—A lawsuit about a $5 dog has reached a Supreme Court decision in Boston, at a cost of $1,500. Mr. Palmer passed the summer of 1880 at Winthrop, and had with him his dog, which had been properly licensed in Boston. The Winthrop officials imposed a fine, which he refused to pay, on the ground that the Boston license legalized the brute anywhere in the State. The decision is against him.

BOARDING A TRAIN.

Shooting the Conductor and Brakeman, but a Robbery Prevented by the Engineer.

Dispatches from Van Buren, Ark., give details of an attempt to rob a train on the Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad, near Van Buren. The outlaws are thought to be residents of the neighborhood where the crime was committed, and to belong to that large class of country youths who, by reading yellow-back novels and drinking pine-top whisky, imbue themselves with inflamed ideas of their own powers, and long for an opportunity to make themselves infamous. A commercial traveler for a St. Louis house, who was on the train when the attempted robbery and murder occurred, told the following story of the crime:

"The train stopped at a little station called Mulberry, twenty miles from Van Buren, at about 9 o'clock. I saw four rough-looking fellows enter the car and pass along the entire length, taking seats near the rear end. I noticed as they passed me that one of them was a lad about 16 years old, and rather tall and slender. Two of the men were of middle age, large, broad-shouldered fellows, with mustaches, and the fourth was about 25 years old, with sallow complexion, and a short stubby beard. I also noticed that they walked very deliberately through the car, and appeared to be 'sizing up' all the passengers, numbering probably thirty-five.

"In a few moments the conductor, John Cain, entered from the rear, and as I turned to look at him, I saw all four of the fellows spring to their feet and level revolvers at him. It flashed through my mind that the train was about to be robbed. All the fellows seemed to yell at once to the conductor to stop the train, and the order was accompanied with a pistol shot. The conductor fell, and the men then began to shout like Comanche Indians for everybody to hold up their hands. The brakeman at that moment entered the car and received a bullet that stretched him out. The bandits then rushed through the car, but seemed to be as badly frightened as anybody at what was going on. They made no attempt to rob anyone, but kept up a continuous shooting. The conductor had pulled the bell cord in falling, and the train slowed up, but when the firing was begun, it started on again. I saw the fellows run out of the car and leap to the ground. The train dashed on, and before the passengers could collect their senses, we arrived at Van Buren. There I was told that when the firing began inside the car, a simultaneous attack was made by several men on the engineer. It was said that five men (some reports say more and some less) jumped out of the brush and attempted to climb on the engine, but that Thomas Rodgers saw them in time to open the throttle and start the train on and thus prevent the robbery. The conductor and brakeman were both shot in the head, and the physicians say they will die. None of the passengers were hurt, and nobody was robbed. The authorities of Crawford County offered a reward of $1,000, and the officials immediately telegraphed to every station offering $5,000 for the men. A posse was armed and mounted in fifteen minutes and started in pursuit."

Marriage of Ex-Governor Sprague.

Ex-Governor William Sprague, of Providence, R. I., was married at the Virginia Hotel, in Staunton, Va., on Thursday, to Dora Inez Calvert, formerly of Connecticut, but lately a resident of West Virginia, and claiming a residence in Staunton, Va. A letter from Staunton, says: The troubles of this couple in securing their marriage license were somewhat remarkable. The groom-elect arrived on Wednesday afternoon and busied himself in endeavors to procure a license and induce the rector of the Episcopal church here to perform the ceremony. The effort to obtain a license was first made at the office of the County Clerk. Failing in this, by reason of the fact that the clerk could not and would not issue a license to parties neither of whom were residents of Augusta county, the ex-Governor went to the clerk's office of the corporation. Here, after many difficulties, and with the consent of the City Attorney, the license was at length secured. The ceremony took place at the hotel above named and was performed by the Rev. W. D. Hullihen, formerly a cadet in the Confederate service and an officer of General J. E. B. Stuart's staff; not without, however, a careful inquiry of ex-Governor Sprague as to his divorce from his former wife. Having taken legal advice finally, Mr. Hullihen submitted certain questions to the ex-Governor, which, being satisfactorily answered, the ceremony was performed. It was not known that the bride was also a divorcee until the marriage ceremony had taken place, after which it transpired that she was lately divorced from a Mr. Calvert, now a citizen of Cincinnati. The ex-Governor put down his age at fifty-one and the bride at twenty-three. The bridal couple left last night on the one a. m. train for northward.

THE STARS.—Jupiter is evening star. The great red spot, 26,000 miles long and 6,000 to 8,000 miles wide, has disappeared. The Providence *Journal* believes that many other red spots will appear before astronomers can determine their meaning and before light breaks through the darkness surrounding this giant world, which is more like a sun than a planet.

INSANE.—Telegraphic reports from points in the United States state that several women have become insane through fear of the terrible storm that Wiggins predicted.

AN AWFUL FATE.

Burned to Death Before Her Husband and Surviving Children.

A dispatch from Frederick, Md., dated March 8, says: Shortly after midnight the home of Mr. Simon Cronise, near New Market, was destroyed by fire, together with his wife and one of his children. Mr. Cronise is a planter, and, with his family, retired last night about nine o'clock, leaving a roaring fire in the kitchen stove, around which a quantity of wood had been packed for use in the morning as usual.

About midnight Mr. Cronise and his wife, who slept on the second story, were awakened by the smell of smoke. The house was a two story old time log-house, but of good dimensions. A single stairway led from the lower to the upper story. On this second floor there slept, besides Mr. and Mrs. Cronise, their seven children, the eldest nineteen, and the youngest two, and an old deaf and dumb man named Henry Plumber. Upon awakening, Mr. Cronise rushed down the stairway, and opening the door was met by a perfect sheet of flame. He realized the position of those dependent upon him at once, and closing the door directed his wife to smash one of the several small widows (about 16 by 20 inches) and let the smoke escape.

The children, who were all partially suffocated, were helped by their parents through the windows, the eldest dropping to the ground fifteen feet below. Then the turn of the little ones came.

Mrs. Cronise told her husband to jump from the window and she would drop the younger children down to him and would then follow. Mr. Cronise did as requested and all the little ones had safely landed in their father's arms but one, a five-year old girl, whom her mother had in her arms and was just in the act of putting out through the window. Then like a flash the old deaf and dumb man darted between them and the window and getting half way out, hung there in his terror unable to move, and blocking the window from the brave mother and child.

The husband and children below in safety gazed upon the terrible scene, benumbed in their night clothes by the furious winds, and almost petrified by terror, for Mrs. Cronise could not reach any other window. She wildly beat the terrified old man upon the hands to make him leave his position and drop to the ground below, so that she might save herself and child. Those below shrieked to the old man to drop, but he could not hear, and still hung and blocked the window, terror stricken.

The poor woman tore at him madly, but to no purpose, for a few moments later she sank out of her husband's and children's sight into the flames behind her, her child clasped to her bosom. A moment later they licked the old man's arms, face and chest, and shrivelled his gray hair, when he seemed to come to life and dropped to the ground.

When his wife and child sank back into the flames Mr. Cronise made a rush for the house, which was then tumbling in, and it took the united efforts of the elder boys to save him from perishing with her.

Why Rogues Thrive in Our Banks.

There is hardly a defalcation on record, in connection with banks or other financial institutions, the details of which do not show that the long continued dishonesty had been plainly written upon the books of the concern for months before it was accidently discovered. Were those charged with the examination of the accounts to make proper scrutiny of the books (in which are forced balances), and not rest satisfied with simply counting the cash on hand (which, of course, is sure to tally with the forced balances), most of the rouges discovered only when they have brought the bank to ruin, would be detected in their rascality before they had succeeded in effecting much damage. It is only the burglar from outside the bank, who boldly robs the safe and makes the deficit at once apparent; the thief within the banks doctors the books first, so that the cash missing from the strong box is not noticed by the easy going examiners from the Board of Directors. There is but one way to prevent the skillful robbery from within—the passage of a law making the examining directors individually responsible for every dollar lost through false entries upon the books which they are supposed to examine, but which they seldom, if ever, scrutinize.—*New York Herald.*

A Frightful Death.

Information has been received of the frightful death of two over-daring aeronauts in Madrid under peculiarly horrible circumstances. It appears that Captain Mayet and an assistant ascended in a balloon in Madrid, before an immense concourse of people. When the balloon had reached a height of about 1,000 feet Captain Mayet got out upon a trapeze suspended from the basket and began his performances. The trapeze was seen to break and the performer lost his hold. While in the air he turned over and over many times. He struck the stone pavement an unrecognizable mass. A moment later the balloon containing the other occupant was seen to descend with meteoric rapidity, and it crashed with terrible force against the projecting eave of a house, tilting the basket and hurling the occupant out head first. Striking a veranda, the man was precipitated to the ground torn, cut and mangled to such a degree that he died in a few moments.

ADVERTISING.—Judicious advertising creates many a new business, enlarges many an old business, revives many a dull business, rescues many a lost business, saves many a failing business, preserves many a large business, secures success in any business.—*Rome Sentinel.*

THE HUMOROUS PAPERS.

WHAT WE FIND TO LAUGH OVER IN THEM.

The Newer Arithmetic—Wanted to be Posted—Cashiers—The New Student—An Editor's Jokes, Etc., Etc.

A GIRL WITH BANGS.

A girl with bangs may try to be good and true, but it's awful hard work. When she looks at herself in the glass and sees the quarter of an inch of forehead, she says to herself: "I am dangerous; they want to look out for me." She thinks she is all right, but she is constantly doing that which a girl who wears her hair brushed back would not think of doing. The bang girl may belong to church, and may try to put on a pious look while the hymn is being read. But she will look out from behind these bangs, sideways at some meek and lowly young Christian who is trying to get his mind fixed on the hymn, and he will get his mind on her, and it will break him all up, and he won't know whether he is singing "A Charge to Keep I Have" or "She's a Daisy." The bang girl may place her bangs down on the back of the pew ahead of her during the morning prayer, and try to be good, but her corset will be too tight, and as she hitches around to ease the pain one eye will rise like the morning sun over the back of the pew, and that eye will catch the eye of a young man two seats to the right, who is trying to cover his face with one hand while he tries to keep the flies off, the pomade on his hair with the other, and his interest in the prayer is knocked into a cocked hat.

The banging of a girl's hair changes the whole nature of the little wretch, and she becomes as a gun that is loaded. You take a picture of "Evangeline" and bang her hair, and she would look as though she would "run at" people. How would Mrs. Van Cott, the female preacher, look with her hair banged? It is just the same with boys. You take a nice, pious Sunday-school boy who can repeat 300 verses of the New Testament, and cut his hair with a clipper, and he looks like Tug Wilson.

THE NEW STUDENT.

Some college "Sophs" could not exist if they were not playing jokes or hazing the freshmen. A new student at Princeton college who wanted to get some soiled clothes washed, was sent to the house of a crabbed and dignified professor.

"He is a first-class laundryman," said a soph., "but if he thinks you are a freshman he will try to impose some big story on you. Don't humor him, and don't let him give you any of his 'guff.'"

"He shall not do that," said the freshman.

Imagine the surprise of the old scholar when freshy spread out all his shirts and collars before him, and gave minute directions as to pressing out the ruffles and polishing the pleats. The little fellow treated all explanations as a broad jest, asked the old gentleman not to give him any guff, and frankly told him that he had heard him fully described by the sophomore class. It is said that the grave professor took the washing with a half apology on the folly of trying to deceive a freshman of the wisdom of the one before him, had them washed at a neighboring laundry, returned them in a neat bundle to their owner, remarking that he would not be able to do them again, as he had gone out of the business. The freshman discovered his blunder three months later when he was called for the first time to attend a faculty meeting.

THE VALUE OF CASHIERS.

An Ohio merchant who kept three clerks, each one of whom made his own change and had free access to the money drawers, was the other day asked by a commercial traveler why he did not keep one man to receive all moneys.

"Cost too much," was the reply.

"But are your clerks honest?"

"Perfectly honest."

"Have you any objection to my trying them?"

"Certainly not, go ahead in any way you wish."

The traveler went away, but in about three hours he returned and said in a loud voice, so that all might hear:

"When I was here this forenoon I paid you a bogus quarter by mistake. In case you find it in counting up to-night, lay it aside and I will redeem it."

Then the traveler, accompanied by the merchant, took a position where the back door and alley could be kept in view, and in less than ten minutes out came the head clerk and emptied a handful of silver on the head of a barrel and pawed it over. The bogus quarter was not there. He returned to the store, and out came the second clerk and went through the same programme. He was followed by the third, and after he disappeared, the merchant calmly observed:

"I've been waiting thirteen years for trade to pick up, and I rather think I'll try the cashier system."

WANTED TO BE POSTED.

He was about to take a Woodward avenue car, when he changed his mind and waited for a man coming up the street. He looked stern and solemn and unrelenting, and there was ice in his mouth as he replied:

"Yes, fine day enough. Mr. Jones, do you remember that you met me one day two years ago and asked for the loan of $10?"

"Two years ago—$10—asked for a loan? Let's see, No, I do not remember, but I do not wish to dispute your word."

"Well, sir, you asked for a loan."

"And did I get it?"

"Of course you did."

"Is that so? Well, if I did it was the only time in my life, and I ought to remember it. Did you want to lend me ten more?"

"No, sir! I want you to return that loan!"

"Sorry—very sorry, but I can't do it this month."

"I want that money before Saturday, or I'll take steps!"

"Ah!"

"I'll post you as the meanest man in Detroit!"

"Honor bright?"

"Yes, sir."

"Say," said Jones, as he looked greatly relieved, "I wish you'd go ahead and do that. I've no commercial rating, no social standing, and am continually struggling in a half-way position between being able to get credit and dodge old creditors. If you'll only post me, I will know just where I stand and what to look out for, and it'll save me working half an hour to get a peanut-vender good-natured enough to trust me five cents' worth. Ah! Smith, I knew you would do me a good turn if it ever came handy!"—*Detroit Free Press.*

THE PASTOR'S STORY.

One of our city pastors, says a New Haven paper, tells a story at his own expense. He is in the habit of allowing the choir in his church to select the hymns to be sung in public worship. Imagine his astonishment and horror a Sunday or two ago on finding that there had been selected for the opening service a hymn "for a church seeking a pastor"—

"Oh Lord! in ways of peace return,
Nor let Thy flock neglected mourn;
May our blest eyes a shepherd see,
Dear to our souls and dear to Thee."

He did not give out the hymn. He looked for a hymn for a church seeking a new choir, but failed to find any. He thinks of writing one.

THE NEWER ARITHMETIC.

At $6 per ton how many tons of coal can be bought for $24? [The greenhorn will answer "four tons."]

A stage coach robber was enabled to lay up $4,580 in ten months, but a Niagara hackman salted down $5,265 in nine. How much better is it to rob at Niagara Falls than out West?

A tramp gets a cold biscuit at one house, a piece of meat at another, an old vest at the third, and the owner of the fourth house runs him three blocks with a dog. How much more does the tramp respect the fourth person than the other three combined?

It takes twenty blows of a hammer in the hands of a woman to drive a ten-penny nail three inches. She misses the nail twice where she hits once. How many blows does she strike in all, and how far can her voice be heard when she strikes her thumb?

A gentleman who has a library of 12,000 volumes, opens ten volumes a year. At this rate how long will it take him to reach the last book?

In one month the owner of a three-minute horse lied ninety-four times regarding his speed. At this rate how many times would he lie in a year, and how would it help the speed of the horse any?

A school teacher gives a pupil fourteen paragraphs in the science of government, thirteen examples in arithmetic, three pages of history, one page of grammar, one of orthography, and half an hour of writing as a daily lesson and expects him to pass 75 per cent. At this rate how long will it take her to rush him into a lunatic asylum?

If a lawyer charges a plumber $5 for advice, and the plumber charges the lawyer $5.50 for stopping a leak in a waterpipe, how much is the lawyer ahead?

A saloonist buys a barrel of whisky in bulk and draws two barrels from it by the drink. There is nothing to figure on this. The figuring was all done by the saloonist.—*Detroit Free Press.*

AN EDITOR'S JOKES.

Bennett, of the New York *Herald*, must be a wild wag when away from business. The *World* gives an account of the trip up the Mediterranean in the Namouna, from a correspondent on the yacht, and says there was always a lively party on board. Bennett was eternally playing jokes. The correspondent says: "Mr. Bennett used to have all the men called up on deck and have them dance a sailor's hornpipe. Then when they got through he had champagne served to them like a prince. All the time we were at Gibraltar I had a mighty hard time getting any sleep at all. Then Mr. Bennett was all the time playing tricks like a student. One night, very late, he went down in the hold and filled a big pan full of some sort of burning stuff and set it afire. There was a big flame and a great deal of smoke at once, and he was delighted, and sent a boy rushing around the ship shouting 'Fire!' 'Fire!' at the top of his voice like a madman. The guests down in the saloon and the sailors and all aboard came up on deck terribly frightened and most of them only

ASHLAND ALLEGATIONS.

Bardette H. Brown is getting better slowly.

Mrs. John Drew and Mrs. John Ernest are both sick this week.

Wilder & Co. shipped 50 tons of paper last Monday.

Julius Nockman and family have returned and are living in New Hampton.

The library reopened last Saturday and will be open every Saturday hereafter.

Abel Mitchell has not yet recovered from the effects of his carbuncle.

The election dance, postponed as an expression of regret for the death of a citizen, will take place next Tuesday evening.

The sentiment which led to the postponement of the election night dance, as a token of regard for the memory of our late citizen, Mr. Wm. C. Hughes, then lying dead, was highly appreciated by the whole town, friends and to strangers was a true token of the respect in which Mr. Hughes was held.

The Ashland Division, S. of T. passed a series of resolutions upon the death of Enos H. Nudd, a brother, earnest and faithful, in the cause.

Mr. Wm. Hughes died on Monday of last week, from bleeding of the lungs. He has been for several weeks confined to his room and bed, and for a number of days previous to his death it was feared each hour would be his last. His funeral, occurring Wednesday afternoon, was attended by a large number of friends and relatives. He was a member of Mount Prospect Lodge, No. 68, F. & A. M., and was buried with the honors of the Fraternity. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Davis, of the F. W. B. church. Mr. Hughes leaves a wife, who has the sympathy of all in her bereavement.

Results of Town Meeting: George B. Stevens, s.; Stephen C. Baker, s. (ten) F. Cox, s.; Selectmen: A. E. Porter, s.; Town Clerk: Frank L. Hughs, s.; Treasurer: E. R. Dearborn, s.; Collector: Librarian, Voted to raise $50.00 for Memorial Day. $2,300.00 for Expenses. $1,800.00 for Highways.

MEREDITH MATTERS.

Mrs. I. H. Worrell receives many thanks for her present of a considerable sum of money, and a volume for the public library.

Mr. C. A. McCrillis will stock with beef, pork, mutton, etc., the market he has recently fitted up in the old paint shop on Winnipesaukee Street.

Mr. W. G. Stark is soon to take charge of E. C. Mansfield's store in Littleton, the latter returning here.

Mr. Hiram V. Jones, from Somerville, Mass., Mr. Elmer A. Peavey from Boston, and Mr. Irving Varney from Lowell, came home Tuesday to vote.

The bee shop of G. H. Clark & Co., and the piano shop of J. H. Lang, have each decided to run only seven hours per day until an increase of business.

Mr. D. H. Crosby will start out again with his tin wagon as soon as travelling admits.

The hop of the season will be the grand calico apron and necktie ball next Wednesday evening. A concert of an hour will be given by Dustin's orchestra. A good time is expected.

Mr. Lewis L. Rines, of this place, was united in marriage to Miss Clara A. Davis, of Wins, Me., on Tuesday evening last, Rev. N. Gaddess of Meredith Neck, officiating the bonds. A number of invited friends were present, and a pleasant time was passed.

The new firm of Clough & Choate consists of F. E. Clough and Thomas Choate

The house of D. Moody Roberts, on Meredith Neck, bonnets of being the residence of four generations, the oldest [illegible] old.

Mr. G. H. Hutchins has recently taken Frank Avery's place as J. H. Knowles & Co.'s sleigh, for which position he is well suited.

An association is to be formed as William S. L. Cheney, Mrs. Wm. J. Stone of Tennessee, was organized in Grace Arms Hall, on Tuesday evening, by Col. E. A. Dodge of Lake Village. The following officers were chosen: Francis B. Crane, Capt.; F. L. Hartshorn, First Lieut; Geo. H. Thurston, Second Lieut; Fred B. Wilson, Chap; Fred L. Hawkins, Serg't; Wm. E. McFarland, Orderly Serg't; E. A. Goodrick, Quar. Serg't., W. B. Jencks, Serg't of the Guard; A. A. Kidder, Color Serg't; J. E. Badger, Camp Guard; H. L. Fernald, Picket Guard. Meetings are to be held Thursday evenings of each week, in Grand Army Hall.

The large cylinder press recently added to the News office not proving satisfactory, it has been removed and a larger one is soon to be added.

A sum of $30 was voted for erecting a watering trough opposite T. S. Moor's tin shop, which will just about pay the expense of building it.

Quite a number of horse jockeys were recently seen here.

Inquire of W. E. S. Fost, if you wish to hire a pew at the North Church.

Mr. T. S. Moore has been so badly afflicted with erysipelas in his face that he has been confined to the house.

Our town meeting Tuesday was very quiet. The Democrats elected the straight ticket. The following are the officers: Moderator, Gen. F. Seaboyt; clerk, Ira C. Boynton; selectmen, Joseph L. Prescott, Otis F. Roberts, William S. Smith; treasurer, T. S. Moore, the appointment of the other officers were left to the selectmen. The same amount as last year was voted for town charges, town debts, paupers, roads and support of schools. Seventy five cents per poll, and on property in proportion, was voted for repairs of highways and bridges, to be laid out as needed or as directed by selectmen. The same amount of money as last year was voted to Wamesit Baptist Company for services. The legacy of $1,000, given to school district, 9 and 10, by the late Hon. George W. Fogg, was accepted and the selectmen were chosen trustees of the fund. It was not exceeding $200 was voted for repair of Pease Hill, to be laid out by selectmen. Seventy-five dollars was voted for expenses of Decoration Day. The articles relating to raising money for a Fourth of July celebration failed to get on a watering trough near J. W. Beede & Co.'s store, were passed. The leasing of Town hall, for entertainments was left to the discretion of selectmen. The free use of the hall, as before, was voted the Blue Ribbon Club. The selectmen were instructed to either build a new boat or repair the old one, for the conveyance of scows from Bears Island. The motion to extend Pine street was left with the selectmen. Fifty dollars were voted to put in a watering trough near the hay scales, opposite T. S. Moor' shop.

The Burr and Hamilton duel occurred in 1804.

WANTED.—A steady reliable man to work on a farm by the month. Enquire of DAVID GUPPY, Plymouth, N. H. March, 15th 1889. jeastfn

Printing was discovered in 1440.

Brazil abolished slavery in 1871.

Have you inflammatory sore throat, stiff joints, or lameness from any cause whatever? Have you rheumatic or other pains in any part of the body? If so, use Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. It is the most wonderful internal and external remedy known to medical science.

Delaware bay was discovered in 1609.

FOR SALE.—An entirely new Singer machine, at a very low price. Call at this office. jeoatf

A firkin was 7 pints.

John Brown was hung in 1859

Farm for Sale, or to let. Inquire of B. W. Davis. jeaw3*

GROTON.

A petition to the post office department, was signed in this place the last day of February and sent to Hon. Osman Ray, at Washington, D. C., the first day of March, for an increase of mail facilities from North Groton to Rumney Depot, from three mails per week to six per week. March 10, orders came from the Department granting the petition, to commence April 2, 89. This is the kind of promptness we constituents men we send to Congress.

D. B. Tenney has bought about 50 000 pounds of wool north of Plymouth, a few days September, paying from 20 to 25 cents per pound. D.

The Valentine massacre occurred in 1630.

Every year adds to the testimonials of those cured of Heart Disease by Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator. One patient said to me the first dose helped me, and I knew I was sure to be cured by it." You cannot make a mistake by using it; it grows in favor each year. Pamphlet free of F. E. Ingalls, Conway, N. H. Price $1.00 per bottle. For sale by druggists. jeastmwart

Ezekiel's reed is said to have been nearly 11 feet long.

Grass and hay are of more importance to the New England farmer than any other crops, or perhaps than all others combined. Mowing and pasture lands can be greatly benefited by an application of Bradley's Phosphate in the early spring.

Horace Berry, of Windham, N. H., says:—

"Let every farmer who does not cut his barn full or hay buy a few barrels of Bradley's Phosphate, and sow it broadcast upon his fields about the last of April (or as soon as the snow is off the ground), say five hundred pounds per acre where the grass is not all bound out, and nine out of every ten will say it pays. It will last as long as any manure. This I can show on my farm. You complain of your pastures: try Bradley's Phosphate on them; I know it will pay you to use it liberally. Your farm may be small, and your means cramped, but I advise you to buy Bradley's Phosphate and give it a fair trial."

We advise every farmer who has not seen the Bradley Fertilizer Company's pamphlet for 1889, to send for one at once to their nearest local agent, or to the office of the company, 27 Kilby Street, Boston. It contains many facts of importance and interest to all engaged in farming. It is sent free, post-paid. jelt

Long Parliament was dissolved in 1653.

We have just received from SAILFIELD'S Music Store, 12 Bible House, N. Y., and 16 Jackson Street, Chicago, the February number of the Sailfield Ten Cent Libraries. These series of monthly publications, to which the subscription price is only One Dollar (12 numbers) places in the hands of subscribers the music business. Think of buying 16 pages of music for Ten Cents. It is wonderful! The number at hand contains a Waltz of Gilbert & Sullivan's latest opera, "Iolanthe," the popular "Forever Love," as sung by Lillian Russell; the "Longest Waltzes," by Operetti; the comic song (subsequently popular out East), "O, you little Darling," and a popular old piece for the piano, "Amaryllis," by Ghys. Other numbers contain potpourris on Operas, such as "Patience," "Pirates of Penzance," "Mascotte," "Billee Taylor," "Pinafore," etc.; Songs such as "Some Day," "In the Gloaming," "Forever and Forever," Every Dance, Ballet Empty Cradle, Over the Garden Wall, Emmett's Lullaby, Non e vee, 'Tis but a little faded Flower, Golden such as Ocean Waltzes, Il Franco, Waves on the Ocean; Waltzes by Waldteufel, Strauss, Lamothe and Gungl. Among others, Les Sirenes, Tres Jolie, Queen's Lace Handkerchief, Amaroni, Illusions, Woman's Love, and in short almost every popular piece you can think of, from the old Antwerp Bells, Home Sweet Home, and the Maiden's Prayer, to the very latest pieces of the day. The March Number is to contain a complete Potpourri on Lohengrin, and the Patti Waltzes. Mr. Sailfield, whose name these series bear, is the Pioneer of the Five Cent Music Libraries which has done so much to reduce prices, and by the publication of these monthly Libraries seems to have primarily as his object the distribution of good music at a low price to the masses. Send 10 cents for a sample copy of these publications, or, better still, $1 for a year's subscription, to the publishers, 12 Bible House, New York.

A gerah was 2 cents.

There are certain business men in every town, who, when they think they have a few cents, which is not sometimes the case, but often isn't, will give everything to a lot of dandy, flashy, loafing, drunken, loud talking, pretentious, boastful, lying bears, who, unable to get any patronage in their own vicinity, invade the domains of their neighbors and by fair or foul means generally the latter, carry off what they can of the trade. People will give all their printing to these parties, refuse to advertise in or subscribe to their village paper, and then are mad if all their private business are not pulled enormously, a lot of ugly hollow-eyed upon them, etc. They ridicule the enterprise of their village paper, but are always expecting to see a county weekly surpass a city daily in the extent, character and amount of its reading matter. If by accident, this fickle, indigestible paper gets something derogatory to their worthless, not-life interests in it, and not much other talk of similar nature, even after the editor has retracted, apologized and done everything else possible to right an unintentional wrong of small account.—*Philanthic Printers' Journal.*

THE CHICAGO WORLD.

W. J. Allen, Managing Editor; Charles Barker Bradford, Dramatic Ed; Lewis J. Allen, Society Editor; N. B. Smith, Treasurer; C. H. Williams, Business Agent; Wm. Harmeyer, Business Manager. R. V. Kennedy, City Editor; Mrs. M. E. Dynes, Society Reporter; W. Farnham, Traveling Correspond't. Devoted to art, society, music, sport and the drama. Overflowing with wit, prose, poetry and the choicest of literature.

Having the Largest Circulation of any Literary Journal published West of New York. Circulated throughout the Known World; 30,000 to 50,000 every Week. Country Edition, every Friday. City Edition every Saturday. All Advertisements appear in both Editions. 39 & 40 Dearborn Street. jeaw3tjal

A New Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, regular price of which is $12.00, may be obtained through this office for only $6.50. Call at once and secure the bargain. jeastfeb9

Washington Territory was organized in 1853.

Save Your Pictures.

By having them framed at the best and cheapest place in the city, E. C. Peters & Co., 749 Elm St., the old reliable frame. Prices by order. A beautiful and varied from the cheapest to the best carved or gilded. jeastfeb14

SWAYNES

SWAYNES OINTMENT

AN UNFAILING REMEDY SUCH AS FOR ALL SKIN DISEASES

TETTER ITCH SORES PIMPLES CRYSIPELAS RING WORM ETC

OINTMENT

THE GREAT CURE FOR ITCHING PILES

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.

FLORESTON COLOGNE.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

An Invigorating Medicine that Never Intoxicates

The Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are suffering from Pneumonia Consumption, Bronchitis, Hemorrhages Bleeding, Sore Throat, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, Influenza, Hoarseness, Pain in the Chest, or any disease or infirmity, take Piso's Cure for it. It will cure you. Sold everywhere and gives you new life and vigor.

100 DOLLARS

Will be paid for any case of Catarrh Piso's Cure fails to cure. For a Cold in the Head, Piso's Cure is a certain remedy. Price 50 cts.

HAY-FEVER

Unequaled for colds in the head.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N. Y.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

AN IRON TONIC

Cures Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, General Debility, Fever and Ague, Paralysis, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Dropsy, Humors, Female Complaints, Liver Complaint, Remittent Fever, and all diseases originating in a bad State of the Blood, or accompanied by Debility or a low State of the System.

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,

SMYTH'S BLOCK, MANCHESTER, N. H.

D. P. SMALL,

PROPRIETOR.

Real Estate of all Kinds Bought, Sold and Exchanged.

Loans Effected, Mortgages Negotiated.

Insurance Written in Reliable Companies.

Property in the City and Country, on the most Liberal Terms.

Collections Guaranteed.

Real Estate Sales Conducted Weekly.

TELEPHONE STOCKS

—AND—

A VERY DESIRABLE INVESTMENT!

Granite State, $50.00, paid $4 per share, par $25. Boston & Montana, $ 10, pays 2 per cent. quarterly, par $100. Calumet & Hecla, $325, pays 4 per cent. quarterly, par $100. Franklin, $100, pays 1 per cent. quarterly, par $100. Humboldt, $25, pays 1 per cent. quarterly, par $100. Union, $25, pays 1½ per cent. quarterly, par $100. New York & Boston Land, $10, pays 3 per cent. quarterly, par $100.

Hughes & Huckins,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Flour, Meal, Hay, Grain, Seeds, Paints, Oils, Glass, Crockery, Implements, etc. Also, Dealers in Bowker's Shockbridge's Bonedust, and Coe's Phosphates.

Ashland, N. H. ma26tf

M. M. ROBINSON,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

Silver and Plated Ware, Spectacles and Fancy Goods. Repairing a Specialty.

LAKE VILLAGE, N. H.

WANTED at the watches in Ashland and vicinity to be brought to

L. B. HULL'S, ASHLAND, N. H.

THE NEW WATCH MAKER.

Ten years Experience in the Waltham Watch Factory. All work warranted. engtfasf

Mr. M. C. Spaulding,

Successor to Dr. A. R. Gates,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.

Office at Mrs. C. Culley's, Main Street, Ashland, N. H.

ahtf

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

WILL CERTAINLY CURE

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, and every Affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, Including Consumption. Sold by all Druggists.

PLYMOUTH PARAGRAPHS.

Fast day comes April 5.

C. G. Rockhiller has been very ill with pneumonia.

Miss Dora Holmes is visiting in Lowell and Salisbury.

Dr. Palmer has painted his sign over the main entrance of Tayler block.

Frank F. Morse is very low and is considered failing, with a lung difficulty.

The P. V. B. R. was plowed out again the first of the week with a snow drift.

Hiram Crane passes a portion of each week in Boston taking orders, instead of Post Office.

Miss M. Emma Merrill is engaged in writing in Plummer Fox's store, while assistant is taking orders.

Cross Sale Bell, from Bristol on the Hill-derson branch, which is said to be a relic of the Revolutionary era.

Give Dr. C. Merrill or Ashland a trial when you want any boots, shoes and rubbers and you will find what you want at the right place.

J. F. Fogg's sporting goods are various and [illegible] goods to J. T. Cahoon and more have been quite successful in this work and will be continued after snow and evening for the present.

L. B. Brown of Concord has issued his regular directory of the Government, etc., of New Hampshire. It contains a biography of all the legislators and much other valuable information and costs only 15 cents.

Owing to the unpropitious weather of last Sabbath, Rev. Mr. Miller filled his appointment at Ashland and did not go to Holderness till as he stated last week. Mr. Kidder was in town Saturday but returned to Manchester on the late train.

Rev. Mr. Knowles preached an excellent sermon last Sabbath from Prov. 3.13-14, making a pointed distinction between wealth and wisdom to the advantage of the latter. He referred to the two kinds of wisdom, secular and christian, giving the distinction, and laying stress upon the latter, how obtained, and its growth through the pulpit, schools, christian societies and other agencies. He advised those who had money to leave behind to give to some christian organization and not to bother them to have it to settle to fight over.

The regular monthly Temperance meeting was held at the Methodist vestry, Thursday evening of March 14th. There was a large audience in spite of the unpropitious weather, and an enthusiastic meeting was had. The speakers were as follows: Rev. D. C. Knowles, read scripture lesson, offered prayer, and made some remarks, Rev. Mr. Shinn, Messrs. Theodore Marquis, Alvin Burleigh, A. S. Lyford, W. H. Raymond, H. S. Goodge, Andy from Bangor, Maine, each spoke in a pointed and clear manner, dwelling upon the character and low estimation of the rumseller, and manufacturer. This was considered the most enthusiastic meeting that has been held.

The mills at the Falls of the Tomhannock Bros. have been shut down for the past week on account of a broken wheel. This is very unfortunate, as they have orders ahead to the amount of 200 tons, of excelsior and have refused to fill several orders to the amount of 12 carloads since January. The wheel that was broken was the one connected with the tannery, and Mr. T. very generously removed his wheel to the tannery that they might not be lying idle. The broken wheel was the main gear and was placed in position about a dozen years ago and has been running ever since night and day, with the exception of about 15 days. The goods they manufacture are in great demand, and always give satisfaction. A year's supply of excelsior now is always kept on hand, so as to be able to fill orders and have it well seasoned. The water wheel has been out of repair for about two weeks, owing to the cold weather, for fear the water might freeze the machinery has been kept running. The three excelsior machines used there are of their own invention and run much easier than any other kind made.

Dr. Samborn is ill of a lung disease.

The weather of last Sunday was rather fitful.

Edward Page is at work for Flanders & Gould.

It required two locomotives to draw in a freight train from the north Monday.

Election of officers by Olive Branch Lodge next Tuesday night. A full attendance is desired.

Now is the time to buy sugaring goods at Burrows'. Likewise 5 and 10 cent articles. Read his new ad.

Dr. J. W. Preston of Bristol was thrown from a sleigh one day last week and had a leg broken and an ankle dislocated.

A building owned by the estate of William Thomas and occupied as a boarding house on Court street in Plymouth was on Tuesday damaged by fire to the upper part which took fire from a chimney. Loss on house and furniture $900. The foregoing comes from the Statesman but no one here is aware of the fact.

At the school meeting held in district No. 6 on Ward's Hill, March 12, W. H. Adams was chosen moderator, J. H. Whitten clerk and prudential committee. The following vote voted to raise money to insure their school house.

Congregational Society Officers for 1889 elected Wednesday afternoon. Clerk, F. W. A. Robie; Wardens, Wm. Thornton, Henry Cummings, Jesse Clark; Collector, L. L. Draper; Treasurer, Wm. H. Raymond.

M. H. Calvert delivered his highly interesting lecture on "Life on the Ocean Wave" in the pretty little theater of the State Insane Asylum at Concord, one day night before a large audience, who received it with great favor.

The following officers of Onego Council were elected Monday night: J. F. Maynard; T. L. M.; J. P. Hoskins D. M.; R. A. Chase, P. C. of W.; M. L. Emmons Treasurer; J. C. Farnham, Recorder; E. W. Shute, F. of C.; H. C. Dearborn, C. of C.; H. A. Wells, Steward;

We have many pieces sent to us both original and selected for publication. Some are thankfully received, others not appreciated, but generally they do, as we are always glad, in point to promptly do the about, owing to the crowded state of our columns, which we have [illegible] a collection of matter, which we disappoint by not being able to use.

Larger, better and cheaper job printing can be done at this office than any other in this village. Call and see us and send away to Lowell to get your work. We employ none but first class workmen, and guarantee satisfaction in every case. Prices as low as the lowest. Give us a trial.

Mrs. Pauline L. Brown, principal of the Pemigewasset Valley Seminary and Miss Ellen A. Folger, of the Morrison School of Concord, spent two days of this week visiting the Normal School. They were much pleased with the school and think Prof. Warren and his associates are the right persons for the places they occupy. Prof. Warren will spend part of his Lincoln Head, which they found to be a very pleasant, home like place, the proprietor doing all in his power to render their stay agreeable.

There are three papers that have "Grafton County" as a part of their name. It seems the popularity of it and the lack of originality on the part of the publishers. The first paper started at Plymouth was the first to adopt it, and the others are imitations, and counterfeits. Among the hundreds of different titles used by newspapers a name could not be found for another paper in this county, except Journal, making two that called out of the whole a dozen in it while there are several more in the state.

Boston, Concord, Montreal and White Mountains Railroad. Passenger Department. Notice. Agents and Train men are instructed to comply with the following rule governing the transportation of dead bodies. Corpses of persons who have died of small-pox scarlet fever, diphtheria, or other contagious or infectious diseases, are not to be received unless in hermetically sealed cases. Corpses enclosed in other than properly sealed cases are to be prepared for transportation only when accompanied by a certificate signed by the Town or City clerk or Registrar, or by a well known and respectable medical officer of the place where the death occurred, stating that the death did not result from a contagious or infectious disease. This certificate must also distinctly state the nature of the disease, or nature of the casualty, that occasioned death, and should be securely fastened to the top of the case. Corpses are to be taken charge of by the agent of the company from which point it is received, and the charges paid for a limited to the [illegible] ticket. W. H. Brockway, General Ticket Agent, Amos Web, V. J. Howell, Supt. Plymouth N. H., March 1, 1889.

THE ANNUAL TOWN ELECTION.

The weather Tuesday being quiet and mild, a large number of voters were present at the Town Hall and [illegible] the business was dispatched. Below is given the results of several balloting:

Moderator, whole number 220; 1, L. L. Draper, 2; Geo. C. Goodwin, 2; Wm. Thornton, 2; John Collier, 4; 1, Frank H. Holmes 30; M. A. Veron, 179; for 5 Selectmen, whole number 220; 1, D. H. Cummings, 2; Wm. A. Avery, 2; H. Samuel Sherman, 201 examined; for Treasurer, 1 [illegible]; Lemuel L. Draper, 2; Wm. H. Raymond, 2; Thos. Gove, 2; Samuel F. Prescott, 2; 2, Tom-ore; whole number, 181; Chas. Merrill, 181; F. G. Wright, 1; 181; O. G. Smith, 1; for Auditor, whole number, 167; Rev. Quincy H. Shinn, 30; Rev. Daniel C. Knowles, 2; Wm. A. Avery, 2; 1, Amos W. Sanborn, 1; Josiah and Gaine Warden, Elliott B. Hodge, Supt. of Cemetery, A. W. Avery; Auditors, L. M. Emmons, Wm. H. Raymond; Surveyors, Joseph Sanborn, 3; James Hobart, 2; Chauncey A. Fellows, 3; James Carter, 1; Marcus S. Brown, 3; John B. Sanborn, 3; Moses Harvey; 1; Daniel W. Jones, 1; John M. Moore, 2; Samuel F. Prescott, 2; William Harriman; 1; Abraham Hardy; 1; Charles Merrill; 181; F. G. Dustin; Surveyor of Lumber, Plummer Fox, Henry C. Currier; Joel C. Chase, John Mason; George W. Garland, William H. Adams; C. E. Morse; John Rollins; Barry L. Sargent; Caller of Shares, Henry Cummings; Sealer of Weights and Measures, F. Fox; Hog Reeve, Elliott B. Hodge; Fence Viewers, Charles Ames; Hosea Kanman, L. B. Carter; Arthur W. Prescott; Henry Pettybone; H. B. Page; John Whiteman; Fence Viewers, Frank C. Carter; Joseph Burrows; George H. Adams; $1.00 raised to pay town expenses. School money; Voted to raise $1,000 to pay what is due on the school fund voted by inventory. Literary money is to be divided equally among school districts. Highway money; Voted to raise $1,000 to be worked out at 1 per cent and pay 15 cents per hour for labor. Voted to authorize the selectmen to borrow money to pay what is due on the school orders. Voted to raise $25 to decorate graves of soldiers. Voted to raise $200 for Town Clock to be in charge of the Committee of the same. Plummer Fox; Charles A. Jewell; Willard C. Sherman to contract with the officers to keep the clock wound. Voted to leave the case of Mrs. Martha Fisk, for damages, in the hands of selectmen.

Some very amusing scenes occurred during the day, among which was the attempt of Seth Rowe as surveyor in a district he did not like in. A bill having forward of E. B. Hodge and Fred George by their numerous friends to be sworn in as hog reeves, and the voluntary coming forward of Hon. Joseph Burrows to be sworn as fence viewer.

Rev. Q. H. Shinn made an appeal for better roads, outside of the village in winter, they being almost impassable, especially in the re lon of the Lower Interval, and that such surveyors should be elected as would look to the matter and see that they are kept in good condition. Woodbury Langdon made a few remarks in behalf of the Town Clock, stating that about two years ago the society of that name was formed, and have since through different methods obtained about $200, while about $20 have been received by voluntary contributions, and that a clock with four dials could be obtained for $350, or more. In view of this fact it was voted to raise $200 and assist the society. It is in contemplation to have the clock in readiness, the Fourth of July, and simultaneously with the dedication of Langdon Park, all of which will be commemorated by a grand celebration.

BORN.

In Rumney, Feb. 23, to Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Doe, a daughter.

MARRIED.

In Plymouth, March 12, by Rev. Q. H. Shinn, Frederick Miller, Jr. and Josephine Miller, both of Plymouth.

DIED.

In Ashland, March 3, of consumption W. C. Hughes.

In Plymouth, March, 14th, Mr. Nathan Blake, aged 74 years, 11 months.

In Lowell, Mass., March 7, Mrs. Sarah C. Burbeck, formerly of Campton, N. H., aged 67 years and 7 months.

New Hampshire Conference Seminary

—AND—

Female College,

TILTON, N. H.

The pupils of this institution have ample opportunity to select from several different courses of study. The number of classes is so large that those not in regular courses cannot fail to find accommodation in such studies as they desire. Pupils have the advantage of instruction by a Specialist in Each Important Department.

Spring Term begins March 21. Pupils admitted at any time. For board, rooms for self boarding, or any information, address

REV. S. E. QUIMBY, A. M., Principal.

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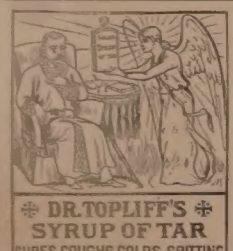
The Bodleian library was opened in 1602.

Congress first met in Washington in 1800.



DR. TOPLIFF'S SYRUP OF TAR

CURES COUGHS, COLDS, SPITTING OF BLOOD AND CONSUMPTION.

The growing popularity of this preparation of Tar, is the natural agent for curing Coughs and Lung Troubles, has thrown upon the market a number of worthless mixtures called Syrup of Tar, Cod Liver Oil, etc., which, while quieting the nerves will sometimes check the cough, but the effects on the system are worse than the result from a bad cough. Ask your doctor, he will tell you the same. Now remember Dr. Topliff's syrup of Tar is the result of long practice by a noted physician, and is a great remedy. All druggists sell it. jeamar3 3m

C. C. Gilley, M. D., of Boston, says he has used Topliff's Syrup of Tar extensively in his practice, with good results, and takes pleasure in recommending it.

H. S. Lewis, M. D., of Amesbury, Mass., considers Topliff's Syrup of great value in the earlier stages of bronchitis.

H. G. Atwood, of Portland, Maine, writes that his wife was cured of a severe cough of long standing by the use of four bottles of Topliff's Syrup of Tar.

W. A. Putnee, of Webster, was cured of a severe attack of hemorrhage of the lungs, and now uses it recommends it.

Rev. Edward Hungerford, of Salmon Falls, formerly of Manchester, was cured of lung trouble by the use of Topliff's Syrup of Tar.

Rev. Edward T. F. Lindsay of Portland, Me., has used it successfully for years, and recommends it.

Sold by A. W. Clark's Drug Store, Plymouth; At Perry's Drug Store, Meredith Village; At Porter's Drug Store, Ashland; At Gaffney's Drug Store, Meredith Village. 1m s mar3

POLLARD, HARDY & SMYTHE,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Carpets,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Ready-made Clothing, Groceries of Every Description, Crockery, Glass and Hard Ware, Paper Hangings of all kinds, Farming Implements, Furniture, Hair, Lime and Cement, Super Phosphate, &c., &c.

ASHLAND, N. H. ma26a

HAPPY BABY

SOOTHING SYRUP

130,137 Bottles Used

by the mothers of the United States during the last six months.

The "Happy Baby" is the only Soothing Syrup in the world which contains no opiate or stupefying drugs, and can be used by mothers with perfect safety for their children while teething, or troubled with Cramp, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, &c. It quiets the nerves and gives the child that natural sleep which promotes the health of both mother and child. If your druggist does not keep it, have him get it where he gets his supplies, and do not take anything else.

For Proposal by WOMEN'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Rutland, N. Y., and sold by druggists. PRICE, 25 CENTS.

For Sale by GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston, Mass.

There is a great deal of misconception in the public mind about libel suits against newspapers. The popular impression is that when any one or more persons read anything they don't like, whether it is true or not, all that is necessary is to hunt up a lawyer, see the sheriff and close up the office immediately forever. There is a great deal of law, sometimes found in books but oftener in the minds of small brained lawyers of loud pretentions that make such a course apparently very plain. In theory this is very good, but in practice, like many other things, extremely difficult, for a newspaper can't be closed up at a moment's notice in this country as it can in the old world, especially in Russia, or as it could years ago anywhere. The press has certain rights and they can usually maintained at any cost. Generally the proprietors of papers are reasonable, and have no desire to be malicious, or go dead against a heavy majority of public opinion, and are willing to apologize or retract if necessary, but there are times when they must speak the truth and stand by it. When people get into a quarrel with a newspaper they should pause and consider, that if a short article makes so much trouble it will be greatly intensified when whole columns are hurled at them, to say nothing of pamphlets and circulars by the thousand that can be rushed off on small job presses. Even if an office is shut up or destroyed, all this work can be done elsewhere nearly as effectually. When a case goes to the jury, the newspaper generally comes out all right, because the people sympathize with it, having seen its own defence long before the lawyers could get at it. Libel suits, like divorce cases, often reveal a great many secrets, either in the plaintiff's business or private character that don't sound well, especially if they are reported in the defendant's newspaper. Another delusion is that journalists can be imprisoned for libel, either before or after trial, which is not so, although there are plenty of one horse lawyers that try to prove the contrary.—*N. Y. Printer.*

Mrs. N. E. K. ROWE,

FASHIONABLE

DRESS MAKER,

Woodman's Block, Main St.,

ASHLAND, - N. H.

Send Stamp for Walker's Real Estate

A-LOG.

Valuable Granite Quarry near R. R., within 50 miles of Boston, 25 acre Farm, stock Tools, etc., near this city wood lots, Boarding House, Houses, etc., etc., for sale. Apply to

A. L. WALKER & SON

Walker Block, Manchester, N. H

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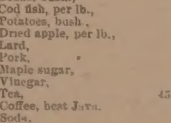
WEEKLY PRICE LIST.

1.	Granulated sugar,	10
2.	Brown sugar,	8
3.	Butter,	23
4.	Cheese,	17
5.	Eggs,	25
6.	Meal,	1 65
7.	Shorts, per 100 lbs.,	1 35
8.	Flour, best St. Louis,	6 50
9.	Beans, bush.,	3 50
10.	Cod fish, per lb.,	7
11.	Potatoes, bush.,	70
12.	Dried apple, per lb.,	03
13.	Lard,	16
14.	Pork,	14
15.	Maple sugar,	10
16.	Vinegar,	16
17.	Tea,	45 to 65
18.	Coffee, best Java,	30
19.	Soda,	05
20.	St. Johnsbury crackers	12
21.	Kerosene oil, gal.,	15
22.	Chicken, per lb.,	15
23.	Turkey,	15
24.	Old ten,	12 1-2
25.	Honey,	25



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AGENTS MAKE $15 TO $40 PER WEEK.

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M. N. LOVELL 41 E. Merrimack St. LOWELL, MASS.

Squam Lake House,

J. M. COTTON, PROPRIETOR.

Good Livery connected with the House. Free Carriages to and from every train.

ASHLAND, N. H. ma25a

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Second-hand Furniture a specialty for which I pay cash, or take in exchange for goods or work. The Celebrated

Harwood Chair Seating.

LACONIA, N. H.

WILLARD E. MORSE,

JEWELER.

Watch and Clock Cleaning a Specialty.

Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches, Plated Ware, Etc. Watches cleaned for from 75 cts. to $1. Clocks from 50 to 75 cents. All Work Warranted.

At Pease & Batchelder's Store, Main Street aapr18tf ASHLAND, N. H.

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OF A

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SEED GROWN BY BUXTON.

ALWAYS RELIABLE

FOR SALE ONLY BY US.

We're pleased to notify our customers and the public in it we have secured the sale for the

ENTIRE 1882 CROP OF YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS ONION SEED,

GROWN BY DANIEL BUXTON, JR., OF PEABODY, MASS.

Price 50 cts. per ½-lb.; $1.00 per 1.0 lb.; $1.75 per lb. Add at rate of 10 cents per pound if ordered by mail.

SEND YOUR ADDRESS ON A POSTAL CARD FOR OUR

ILLUSTRATED GARDENERS' GUIDE.

Sent Free. Full description of E. E. Ellis's Corn, and more about Onion Seed. Send for it.

NOVELTIES IN SEEDS, POTATOES, SMALL FRUITS, &C.

11 PLOWS, WORTH $165, TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

PARKER & GANNETT,

TOOLS, SEEDS, PLANTS AND WOODEN WARE,

49 North Market St., Boston. 335 Main St., Springfield, Mass.

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Dr. CLARK JOHNSON'S

Indian Blood Syrup

Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood. *Millions* testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases, and pronounce it to be the

BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN.

TRADE MARK. *Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia.*

AGENTS WANTED.

Laboratory 77 W. 3d St. New York City. Druggists sell it.

Dr. GAGE,

PHENIX HOTEL, Concord.

Every Saturday, No. 70 Union Place, New York City, every Monday and will make ONE VISIT ONLY to the following places:

Laconia House, Tuesday, March 6.
Ashland House, Wednesday, March 7.
Plymouth, Little's Hotel, Thursday, March 8.
Franklin Falls, Young's Hotel, Friday, March 9.

SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.

ANNUAL SALES, 50,000 TONS.

This old and reliable Fertilizer, which has been on the market for eighteen years, is unsurpassed for use on Farm, Garden, Lawn, or Flower Bed. It is a complete manure, rich in all the necessary elements. The Farmer who plants his crops, looking to the money they will return, finds that every dollar's worth of

SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO

applied to the soil, repays its cost many times over. Try it, and be convinced. Pamphlets, with testimonials, etc., forwarded free. If there is no local agent in your vicinity, address

GLIDDEN & CURTIS,

Gen'l Selling Agents, Boston, Mass.

P. Pox, Agent, at Plymouth, N. H. jl3t feb16

Also, for sale by O. S. Gleason, Warren, N. H.; J. L. Bell, Haverhill

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will instantaneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (For Internal and External Use). CURES Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Lame Back, Sick Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, &c., &c., &c. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to L. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS.

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now residing in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless stuff. We can show Shoemaker's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint feed. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 letter-stamps. L. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS.

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For Sale by H. F. WYATT, Town Hall Drug Store, Plymouth, N. H.

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Indian Blood Syrup

Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood. *Millions* testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases, and pronounce it to be the BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN.

Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia.

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Laboratory 77 W. 3d St., New York City. Druggists sell it.

Diseases of the Stomach.

PORTSMOUTH, Rockingham County, N. H.

MR. CLARK JOHNSON:—I had a Weak Stomach and was unable to attend to my work, and could not eat to keep up my strength. I purchased some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and was greatly benefited by its use. JOSEPH WAINER

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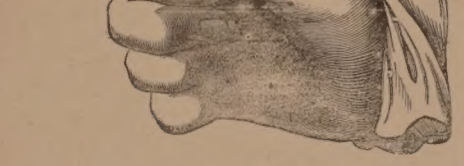
VISIT

C. M. Boynton's

[SIGN OF THE BIG HAND]



NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE!

NO. 29 CENTRAL BLOCK

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE DEPOT STREET,

CONCORD, - - - - - - N. H.

SAMPLES AND GOODS BY MAIL. New Goods received daily. He is prepared to sell Dry Goods upon the most favorable terms, and at the LOWEST PRICES of the Day.

HIGGINS & PATTEN

Desire to turn as much of their large stock as possible into cash before the expiration of the next thirty days, and will make such prices as will enable all cash buyers to say:

Higgins & Patten's is the Place to buy

FURNITURE.

☞The place is No. 122 North Main street, opposite State House.

CONCORD, N. H.

jeau6mjan24

BRIDGEWATER.

Town meeting came off March 13. There was a very fair attendance. The following officers were chosen. Moderator, Spaulding Morrison; Town clerk, John L. Morrison; David B. Clement Jr., first selectman; Gilbert Dolloff, second selectman; M. M. R. Mitchell, third selectman; John L. Morrison, Supt. school committee; Spaulding Morrison, Town treasurer.

While Gardner L. Upham was splitting wood, the axe slipped and cut the side of his foot. Fortunately it was not a bad cut although the boot was cut over two inches.

Miss Jennie Kidder has returned home having left Mr. A. Fletcher's, last week.

A young man by the name of Gove, is at work for Mr. Alvion Dalton.

Fred Upham is still unable to go out on account of his eyes, w ch are yet very bad.

Mr. Wm. Piper was in town Monday, to look at some cattle for beef.

Scott Fletcher and Walter Fertin, have cut nearly 40 cords of wood for Mr. J. A. West, in a very short time.

Mr. Samuel Dalton, 73 years old attended town meeting and cast a democrat vote, never having missed voting at any town meeting since he cast his first vote at the age of 21.

U.

All persons indebted to the firms of F. E & J. D., and F. E. & G. W. Morse, of Campton, are notified that unless they settle on or before the 15th day of April, 1883, their account will be given to a lawyer for collection. jesa2tmar15

The Howe sewing machine was patented in 1846.

Picture framing of all kinds is made a specialty at Coburn's bookstore in Museum building, Manchester. There will also be found a large stock of books and periodicals, including the works of standard authors, gold pens and pencils, work boxes, and a variety of fancy articles needed in the household, and all selling at bottom prices. jesatfmar8

The Constitution of the United States was adopted in 1787.

FOR SALE OR TO LET:—

I offer the Shumway Cottage for sale or to rent. Possession given immediately. Inquire on the premises or of LEWIS F. MERRILL,

Plymouth, N. H.

March 13. jesatf

The date of the great eclipse was 1609.

Phonographic Lessons by Mail. C. H. Kimball, Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar15

Parties Wanting anything invented to meet a particular want, Address, Inventors Agency, Plymouth, N. H. jesamarft15

Compositions and Essays furnished at 25 cents per commercial note page. Information of any kind given for 25 cents per question. Payable in cash. J. H. Temple, Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar15

Imitation Porcelain Pictures, $3.00 common Photo. size; $5.00 Cabinet, including elegant frame. Flanders & Temple, Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar15

WANTED.—A manager each for Normal and Holderness school and local railroad departments. Address or inquire at this office. jesatfmar15

Plymouth Real Estate Office, Tufts' New Block. Desirable City and Country Property For Sale or Exchange on Favorable terms. Advertising done for nothing. Situations Procured, Help Furnished, and other business of like character transacted. Communications freely answered. jesatfmar15

Canvasser and Printer wanted. State age, experience, and wages. Printer, Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar15

Wanted to buy a newspaper and Job office, or either separately. Printer, Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar15

Advertising inserted in various publications and payment taken in goods. C. H. Kimball, Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar15

Pictures, papers, books, medicines, sewing machines, and many other articles will be sold low for cash, or exchanged for wood, maple sugar, butter, eggs, and country produce generally. C. H. Kimball, Plymouth, N. H. jesatf15

Situation wanted. By a young man of 10 years' experience, a position as editor, manager, proof-reader or reporter. Is also well qualified to work as compositor, or pressmen. Fair wages desired. Address, "Faust," Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar15

Grafton County Journal Office in Tufts' new block, Plymouth, N. H. Well established. Extensive advertising patronage. Largest circulation in the County. Subscription and advertising rates low. Send a postal for specimen copy with terms and descriptive circular of Plymouth and vicinity. Unsurpassed in local news. Nearly 50 correspondents. Job printing, book binding and bill posting done. C. H. Kimball, Editor and Proprietor. jesatfmar15.

Territory for sale of a valuable patent. Terms very reasonable, for one or more states, counties or towns. The article offered is easily and cheaply made, is very salable at a good profit, is pretty, useful and needed in every household. All the Territories, Southern and Pacific states are unsold, as well as the following counties: In Maine, Lincoln, Piscataquis, Sagadahoc, Hancock; In New Hampshire, Rockingham; In Massachusetts, Barnstable, Hampden, Hampshire; In Vermont, Addison, Bennington, Windham, Windsor. C. H. Kimball, Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar15

One hundred copies of any writing and even more can be produced on one of the celebrated Elastic Printing Pads, from one original. Six recipes for both pad and inks. Only $1.00. Materials cheap and can be bought anywhere Both are simple and easily made by any one. Multiple Copy Company, Box 249, Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar15

Republican Star Office in Tufts' new block, Plymouth, N. H. The only organ of the party within over 30 miles in one direction and 60 in another. A rapidly increasing circulation and advertising patronage, showing the growing appreciation with which it is regarded. Independent and fearless. Printing, bookbinding and bill posting done. Terms and rates fair. Free on application. Star Publishing Company, Proprietors. jesatfmar15

Meredith Eagle. Issued by the Eagle Publishing Company, Meredith, N. H. The leading paper of its class in that part of the state. Well patronized by subscribers and advertisers, and constantly gaining. Well filled with interesting reading matter including a good variety of local news. Rates and terms moderate. Circulars free on application. Printing, book-binding and bill-posting done. jesatfmar15

Tea was first used in England in 1666.

Veterinary surgeons all over the country are fiercely denouncing parties who put up extra large packs of worthless trash and sell it for condition powders. They say that Sheridan's Covalry Condition Powders are the only kind now known that are worth carrying home. jesatf

We have before us a copy of Green's Fruit Culture and catalogue of plants, vines and trees. It contains a beautiful colored plate and over thirty illustrations of fruits, etc., including a full-page view of a New York fruit farm of 134 acres, showing how one may be laid out. It describes the valuable new fruits, and tells how to plant and cultivate them. It is sent free on application to Green's Nurseries, box 562, Rochester, N. Y. jestlt

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. jesatlyeb14.

Perhaps no medicine is so universally required as a good cathartic. Swayne's Pills are prepared expressly to meet this necessity being composed of purely vegetable ingredients of which podophyllin or mandrake, sarsaparilla, yellow dock and other concentrated juices enter largely into their composition; the whole strength of which is extracted on an entirely new principle. They are mild in their operation and are truly a valuable aperient and anti-bilious medicine. They stimulate the liver to healthy action, cleanse the stomach and bowels of all impurities. Curing sick and nervous headache, dyspepsia or indigestion, biliousness, fevers, drowsiness, colds, aching pains, aches, slight chills, with flashes of heat and female irregularities. For a bilious and costive habit, no medicine is so prompt and effectual. Mailed on receipt of price (in postage stamps) 25 cents, or five boxes for $1. Address Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your drug ist for them. jesa 1y jan25

The treaty with Japan was in 1854.

Why Welcome.

What makes Florestan Cologne welcome on every lady's toilet table, is its lasting fragrance and rich, flowery odor. jajmarl

A shekel was about 50 cents.

How She Saved Her Darling.

"I shall not feel so nervous again about baby's teething," writes a grateful mother. "We almost lost our darling from cholera infantum, but happily heard of Parker's Ginger Tonic in time. A few spoonfuls soon cured baby, and an occasional dose keeps us in good health." —Brooklyn Mother. jsmarltm

Thomas Moore was born in 1779.

Wanted to hire $500, by mortgage on a light manufacturing establishment insured for 3,000, worth considerably more doing a good, increasing business. An excellent chance for investment as good interest will be paid. Box 249, Plymouth, N. H. jesatfmar12

Selkirk was exiled in 1704.

THE SAFEST WAY.

The safest and surest way to restore the youthful color of the hair is furnished by Parker's Hair Balsam, which is deservedly popular from its superior cleanliness. jsmarltm

The Atlantic cable was laid in 1866.

—Notwithstanding the dull season which always follows immediately upon the holidays' Coburns bookstore in Museum building, Manchester, is doing a thriving trade, owing to the large and the reputation for low prices enjoyed by this store. jesafeb8

The Mormons settled in Utah in 1847.

A new White Sewing Machine, No. 3, four drawers, fall leaf, with all the attachments, Catalogue price, $65.00, may be obtained at this office for $25.00, cash. jesatfeb8

A cubit is 22 inches nearly.

Good Advice.

You will prevent and cure the greater part of ills that afflict mankind if this or any section, if you keep your stomach, liver and kidneys in perfect working order. There is no medicine known that does this as surely as Parker's Ginger Tonic. It will keep your blood rich and pure, and give you good health at little cost. See other column. jsmarl

ELISHA HODGE

Manufacturer of

BOOTS & SHOES.

All kinds of Repairing done promptly and in a workmanlike manner. ma26a

---

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is richly worth $10 a bottle in certain cases. For instance, in cases of diphtheria, croup and asthma when the sufferer is almost dead for want of breath and something is required to act instantly. It costs only 35 cents. jesalt

John Calvin died in 1564.

Biggest thing out! Burpee's Welcome Oats. Actual weight this year 50 pounds per level bushel. The handsomest oats ever seen, and will undoubtedly everywhere prove the most productive variety of oats known. The grain is very large, plump and full, and with good cultivation will yield from 80 to 135 legal bushels per acre. $155 00 in cash prizes for 1883. To be paid the most successful growers of Burpee's Welcome Oats. Competition open to all who purchase one or more twenty-five cent packages, each containing two ounces of seed. Price 25 cents per package, or 5 packages for $1.00. Send 25 cents in postage stamps for one package, and our handsomely illustrated catalogue for 1883, and if not satisfied, money will be returned. Address "Special Department," W. Atlee Burpee & Co., Philadelphia, Pa. jesa3tmar1

Canada surrendered to England in 1760.

The April number of Ballou's Magazine contains a liberal instalment of the popular novel of the day, "The Belle of Australia," by William H. Thomes, author of "The Gold Hunters," "A Slaver's Adventures," and so forth. It is growing in interest, if possible, and, to show how much it is appreciated, the advance sheets have been sold to a Sydney, Australia paper for a large sum. This is a great compliment to the author, and the first occurence of the kind ever known in this country. Mr. Thomes' books have been translated into the French and Spanish languages, and large editions sold in those countries. The April number of Ballou's is remarkably attractive in its table of contents, and every family in the country should examine it, and take it regularly. It is published at 23 Hawley Street, Boston, at only $1.50 per year, postpaid. Send 10 cents for a sample copy, and see how much you will like it. There is nothing in the country that can equal it. Ballou has one subscriber who has paid up his subscription to the year 1900. No publication in the world can boast of such a novelty. jesalt

San Domingo surrendered in 1809.

Parties who have pictures to be framed are reminded that they can have the work done at Coburn's bookstore in Museum building, Manchester, and that it will be perfectly satisfactory as to quality and price. Mr. Coburn keeps a large stock of frames and framing material, and employs experienced workmen. jesatfmar8

A farthing was 3 cents.

To any one (who can fill the bill), in want of a salaried situation with an established firm, we call attention to the advertisement of R. G. Chase & Co., headed "live men," in another column. jesa26tmar12

MRS. VAN BUREN'S

LADIES' TONIC.

The Great Female Remedy.

The Favorite Prescription of the

Women's Medical Institute,

BUFFALO, N. Y., U. S. A.,

For Leucorrhœa, or Whites; Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb; Prolapsus or Falling of the Womb; Irregularities, Floodings, Sick Headache, Kidney Complaints, Barrenness, Painful and Irregular Menstruation and Amenorrhœa.

For making labor easy, as a tonic for mothers when nursing children, or through change of life, this preparation has NO EQUAL in the WORLD.

If you have tried other remedies without success, do not be discouraged, but give "LADIES' TONIC" a single trial. It never fails to give quick and permanent relief.

If you are troubled with any weakness or complaint common to our sex, by addressing the doctor's prescription for same and try "LADIES' TONIC," which we guarantee will relieve you.

$500 will be given for any case of Female Weakness or Inability which "LADIES' TONIC" will not cure. This is a bona fide offer, made by responsible ladies, who know from experience what "LADIES' TONIC" can do.

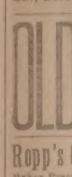
Sold by Druggists. PRICE, $1.00.

The Women's Medical Institute is composed of eminent Lady Physicians, who have successfully treated the diseases common to their sex, for years. Mrs. Mellors and Daughters can obtain advice concerning their health and diseases by mail, free, by sending symptoms and description of disease. Send two three-cent stamps for our pamphlet to women. Address

Women's Medical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

(Mention this paper.)

☞For Sale by GEO. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston, Mass.



OLD BLANCHARD CHURN

With all Recent Improvements.

Five sizes made for family use. Five sizes for factory use. Perfect stock and the best work. Strong, simple, efficient, convenient. Durable. Pure air every way "The Best." Send for cut describing the churn we POSITIVELY SELL. CHARLES SONS, Concord, N. H.

Ropp's Calculator and Diary

Makes Practical Arithmetic easy for all. Simplifies the art of computation, and teaches every one not quite a dunce, how to correctly and easily do it, accompanied by a Reference Diary, Calendar Blanks, Perpetual Calendar, and Value of Precious Stones.

Morocco, $1.00; English Cloth, [illegible] Russia Gilt, $1.50.

Sent post-paid on receipt of price. Young farmers and others wanted as Agents. Sells rapidly. Address

FRED L. HUNTINGTON, Gen'l Agent, Malone, N. Y.

jesa1ymar6

BOSTON DAILY ADVERTISER.

FOR 1883.

SEVENTY-FIRST YEAR.

The Boston Daily Advertiser will celebrate the completion of seventy years of useful and honorable life on the 3d of March, 1883. During that period it has secured and held a high rank among the newspapers of Boston and of the country. To maintain all its honorable traditions, and, by the adoption of every improvement which conservative progress can suggest, to make it in all respects a complete newspaper and a vigorous leader of wholesome public opinion, will be the constant aim of the management. With this object in view, it will print

ALL THE NEWS

of the day, promptly and fully, as its large and increasing facilities will enable it to do. Its Reports of the Markets for Merchandise and Securities, and its Shipping News will continue to be full and accurate. The progress of Events in the Literary World will be carefully watched, and well-considered reviews of original and new publications will be presented. The department of Dramatic and Musical Criticism will continue to be full, judicious and impartial, under the same competent direction which has made the Advertiser authority in such matters. The Local Department will present all the important intelligence of Boston, the State, and New England.

THE WASHINGTON DESPATCHES

are intended to be a faithful transcript of what occurs at the national capital, undisfigured by personal assaults upon public men, and as impartial in the presentation of news as it is possible to make them. The Foreign and Domestic Correspondence is the work for the most part of persons who reside in the places from which they write, and is consequently devoted to a record of what occurs, rather than to guide-book descriptions of places visited. In

EDITORIAL OPINION

the Daily Advertiser is republican. It does not mind itself to accept all regular nominations, to advocate all party measures, or to yield its judgment at the bidding of any caucus or convention. But it does hold that the best interests of the country will be most truly advanced by the ascendancy of the republican party. Believing that great reforms, in the civil service, in the coinage and currency, in the system of taxation, particularly in the tariff, and in other governmental matters, are urgently necessary, and that they can best be carried into effect by the republican party, it will omit no opportunity to press upon its readers the necessity of such reforms. But it will also comment in a free and independent spirit upon all topics of the day, foreign politics and domestic concerns, economical questions, and literary, social and religious movements.

Early in the new year the Daily Advertiser will remove to

ITS NEW BUILDING,

246 and 248 Washington street, where its already excellent facilities for the mechanical work of a new paper will be much improved. The fastest presses and the use of every modern appliance in journalism will enable the management to compete successfully with any other newspaper in the country in the prompt and neat and attractive presentation of news and opinion.

The Subscription Price

—OF THE—

ADVERTISER

—IS—

ONE DOLLAR per month.

The Advertiser circulates in the best families and the most prominent counting-rooms. jesa3jan16

TEACHERS WANTED $100. Month.

SPRING and SUMMER. Address J. E. MCKEE & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

FARMERS and FARMERS' SONS CAN MAKE $88 A WEEK

In their spare time or all the time. Address J. E. McKEE & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Practical Life.

[illegible] Send for Circulars. AGENTS WANTED. $75 to $200 per Month and Expenses, or Commission. Address P. GARRETT & CO., 1000 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

LIVE MEN WANTED.

We want 25 more [illegible] ing salesmen, and to [illegible] right men we can give steady employment and a good place. Many [illegible] recommended. A knowledge of the business not necessary. We can teach you. Address

R. G. CHASE & CO.,

Agricultural Warehouse, Seed Growers, Nurserymen, 8 Pemberton Square, Boston, Mass. jesa26mar1

THE

Bryant & Stratton N. H. BUSINESS COLLEGE

Manchester, N. H.

Pupils from all parts of the State and section. The leading Commercial School of this part of New England offers the very best facilities to both

YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN

for securing such a business education as will fit them for desirable employment as clerk, book-keepers, penmen, copyists, &c., &c.

Tuition rates and other expenses are very low. Write for college circulars giving full particulars.

Adress

W. HERON, Jr.,

Resident Principal,

Manchester, N. H.

jesa3tmaug18

New Store.

The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices at

S. BLOOD'S.

SPRING STYLES IN

Carpetings,

Oil Cloths, and Straw Mattings, Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fixtures, China, and Glass Ware, Majolica and Gold Band Sets, Student Lamps and Chandeliers, Table Cutlery and Plated Ware. Picture Frames, Mirrors, Mouldings, Glass, Scroll saws, Designs, Impression Paper, &c., Fancy Wood Mat Pieces and Frames, Perforated and Gilt Paper, Embossed Picture, Shell and Tissue Paper.

FRED L. HUNTINGTON, Gen'l Agent, Malone, N. Y.

☞Thankful to our numerous customers for their very liberal patronage in the past, we hope by strict attention to the interests of our patrons, to receive a continuance of their esteemed favors. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

S. BLOOD, New Opera House Block, Concord, N. H.

jesa marl5 1y

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

DR. BINGHAM begs to call attention to his method of inserting artificial teeth

Without Covering the Roof of the Mouth.

These plates contain no mercurial or other poisons, and do not interfere with either taste or speech.

Prices reduced twenty-five per cent on artificial work.

Special attention paid to filling badly decayed teeth.

D. T. BRIGHAM,

DENTIST.

No. 2 Hamilton Place. BOSTON.

jesa aprl7 1y

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time." $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay, all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jesaly dec1

THE AMOSKEAG

Mutual Benefit & Charitable Association

WANTS A MAN

Of Good Business Ability to represent it in each town in Grafton and Belknap Counties.

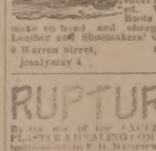
For further particulars address the Secretary,

H. L. ROBINSON,

7 HANOVER ST., MANCHESTER, N. H.

jan27 eaist

People Will Please *IN MIND*



That S. F. BLODGETT & SON'S is the best place to buy Custom Boots and Shoes. All styles made to order at short notice and warranted. We always have Boots and Shoes of our make on hand and cheap. Also, Dealers in Leather and Shoemakers' General Supplies.

9 Warren Street, CONCORD, N. H.

jesalymay 4

RUPTURE CURED In 30 Days

By the use of the EXCELSIOR RUPTURE PLASTER & HEALING COMPOUND. Send for [illegible] to F. H. MASON, Hedenburg, N. Y.

PENSIONS for Soldiers, Widows, Parents and Children. Any Disease or Injury entitles. All Widows now entitled. Pensions for Minors. Fees for Soldiers' Widows' Claims. Write for Laws and Rules. Address "INCREASE" care, BOOTT and Bros. Pay and Bounty Attorneys, Washington, D. C.

PATENTS "WORLD & SOLDIER," Weekly Newspaper, Washington, D. C. Sample copy free. Advice about Patents, Laws & Inventions. Land & Claim Agency. Pensions. Bounty Claims & Land Warrants. Address N. W. FITZGERALD & CO., Solicitors of Patents & Land Agts., Washington, D. C.

IN ORDER to INTRODUCE The Leader Journal and secure new subscribers promptly, we make the following liberal offer, which is open to all for a short time only. On receipt of $2 (in currency or postage stamps) we will send the Magazine six months and the Journal one year, and also send to each subscriber a

Triple Silver-Plated Tea-Spoons,

of the same pattern as illustrated. The tea-spoons are of Pure White Metal treated with the latest improved Electro-Silver and Gilder process, making a plating much heavier than is usual with goods sold at this price, and finely finished and elegant in every respect. Each spoon is bear plated with PURE COIN SILVER. When the plating is worn off it will be found to be of the same color as the rest of the spoon, and will not change color. The plating of Pure Coin Silver will not rub off with ordinary cleaning, as the ordinary silver-plating will wear a long time; but the great beauty and value of this spoon lies in the fact that, owing to the solid nature of the plating, the spoon is not a bit worse after it is worn off as it was before. In fact, those who use them will never know when the silver is worn off, because there will be no change in the looks of them. For this reason we believe there are not and cannot be any spoons made by any manufacturer and sold at any price that will wear as well as the spoons we offer FREE to all who give the JOURNAL a trial. At the present rate of silver, the plating alone on the spoons is worth more than the price we ask for the spoons and Magazine and Journal.

Satisfaction Guaranteed,

Remember, you are sending no money for the Leader Journal, and if any subscriber who can honestly say that they are not entirely satisfied with the spoons, we will cheerfully refund the money.

What They Say of Us!

You do not publish a paper that we can afford to miss from our table. —Ed. Home Journal.

I am in receipt of the premium spoons, and am pleased to say they exceed my expectations. I am pleased to know how you could afford to give such beautiful spoons for the price. —C. F. Hoag, Gorham, N. H.

Please send me six [illegible] spoons, and oblige. I have taken your paper for the last.—C. G. Gould, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Testimonials like the above received daily.

READ.

All sending $2 before [illegible] will receive Extra Valuable Treatise on the Horse, Cow, Sheep and Poultry. Worth ten times the amount of the subscription price. Write the name plain, and be sure to send a two cent stamp for postage.

This is the most wonderful offer ever made. Don't delay [illegible] send at once in order to secure it.

JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO., Concord, N. H.

N. B. The ILLUSTRATED and POPULAR MAGAZINE is a fine literary publication.

Has been in constant use by the public for over twenty years, and is the best preparation ever invented for RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR AND BEAUTY.

It supplies the natural food and color to the hair glands without staining the skin. It will increase and promote the growth of the hair, prevent its shedding and falling off, and thus avoids BALDNESS.

It cures Itching, Eruptions and Dandruff. As a HAIR DRESSING it is very desirable, giving the hair a silken softness which all admire. It keeps the head clean, sweet and healthy.

The State Assayer and Chemist of Mass. and leading Physicians endorse and recommend it as a great triumph in medicine.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR THE WHISKERS

will change the beard to a BROWN or BLACK at discretion. Being in one preparation it is easily applied, and produces a permanent color that will not wash off.

PREPARED BY

R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

BOSTON GEM

Kerosene Oil Stove

Call at any stove store and ask to see the Boston Gem Improved Kerosene Stove. It is warranted to work equal to any stove in the market, and only costs half one-half the price. Is so light to handle that any stove, and is warranted to wear as long; do not purchase your Kerosene Stove until you see this one.

Ask for the Boston Gem and take no other.

If your dealer has not got it, write to

E. MORANDI,

102 Union Street, *BOSTON, Mass.*

jesa aug1tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

R. R. HIGGINS, & CO.

Planters and wholesale dealers in Providence River, Virginia, and all kinds of

FANCY OYSTERS,

In any quantity, by the barrel, bushel or gallon.

Cape Cluses by the bushel or gallon.

120 Court and 35 Howard Streets,

BOSTON, Mass.

Opening House at 152 Atlantic Avenue, Boston. Also, at Downville, R. I., and at Norfolk Va. jesaf nov8.

THE CREAM OF ALL BOOKS OF ADVENTURE.

PIONEER HEROES

—AND—

DARING DEEDS,

The thrilling adventures of all the hero explorers and frontier fighters with Indians, outlaws and wild beasts ever one whole country, from the earliest times to the present. Lives and Famous exploits of Daniel Boone, Lasalle, Standish, Boone, Kenton, Brady, Crockett, Bowie, Houston, Carson, Custer, California Joe, Wild Bill, Buffalo Bill, Gens. Miles and Crook, and the Indian Chiefs and scores of others. GORGEOUSLY ILLUSTRATED with 125 fine engravings to the life. AGENTS WANTED. Low priced and beats anything to sell.

JAMES BETTS & CO., Hartford, Conn. jesa oct17 5m

Bill Nye's Paper, THE BOOMERANG,

Two Dollars Per Year and Freight,

OR

$2000 For 1000 YEARS.

Address, the BOOMERANG,

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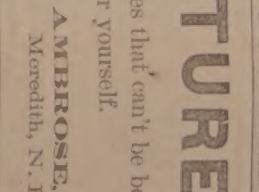

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NEWS OF THE DAY

GENERAL ITEMS.

—Fire originating in a four-story brick building, occupied by the Vermont Farm Machine Company at Bellows Falls, Vt., entirely destroyed the building and its contents. The fire was got under control without its extending to other buildings. The loss is over $100,000.

—In New York Harbor on Friday, a scow was upset and several laborers lost their lives.

—The execution of McGloin and Mayone took place Friday morning in front of the women's prison at the Tombs, in New York City. The execution was attended by few persons. Both of the men died easily.

—The New Jersey House of Assembly defeated the bill to provide new charters for Jersey City and Newark.

—The bill to permit concerts on Sunday evenings has been reported adversely in the Connecticut Legislature.

—The Lutheran Church and Parsonage at Akron, Ohio, have been totally destroyed by fire.

—Governor Crittenden, of Missouri, has pardoned Clarence Hite, one of the Jesse James gang, and it is supposed that he will now be used as a witness against Frank James.

—The funeral of the late Governor Stephens took place at Atlanta, Ga., on Thursday, and was attended by a vast crowd of people. The memorial services at the State House were of an impressive character, General Robert Toombs and other prominent citizens pronouncing eulogies on the life and character of the deceased.

—An insane lady near Portsmouth, N. H., set fire to her house and herself and perished in the flames.

—Four men have lost a railroad train in Arkansas with tickets to ride the passengers, but after shooting the conductor and one brakeman, lost courage and leaped from the moving cars.

—Ex-Governor William Sprague, of Rhode Island, was married in Staunton, Va., to Mrs. Dora Inez Calvert, of Greenbrier County, West Virginia. The bride is a native of Connecticut. She is a divorced lady from her husband.

—In the New Jersey Senate a bill was passed providing that all goods manufactured in whole or in part by convict labor shall be conspicuously stamped with the words "Manufactured in the New Jersey State Prison."

—The remains of Henry Seybert, a wealthy Philadelphian, were cremated at Washington, Pa. He leaves an estate of over $1,000,000 to charitable and educational institutions.

—Two small children were burned in a stable which one of them set on fire at Lawrence, Ohio.

—After twenty-nine years' imprisonment an innocent man has been pardoned in Michigan.

—Tomi Meyer was hanged at Middleburg, Pa., for the murder of John Kuntzler and wife in December, 1877. The murderer was confessed his guilt on the gallows.

—William Lyons, a Cleveland gentleman, shot his divorced wife and killed himself at her residence.

—The New York State Assembly sustained the Governor's veto of the Five Cent Fare bill by a vote of 66 to 58.

—The "Cambridge Flats" in New York City were destroyed by fire on Wednesday morning. Two inmates, a mother and daughter, lost their lives. Loss on building $100,000.

—The British steamer Gloucester City, which left Bristol on February 8 for New York, foundered on February 23 at sea. The crew were rescued and landed at Baltimore.

—Three men quarrelled over the wife of one of them at Somerset, Ky., when the husband shot and killed one of the men and wounded the other.

—The leader of the equal rights movement in Rhode Island was elected to the Legislature over his Republican opponent.

—Advices from Indian Territory state that Sleeping Rabbit, second in command of the rebel faction headed by Spiecbe, and some other leaders of the same party have been captured by the military.

—At Wheat, Ohio, a woman was burned to death through a spark falling from her tobacco pipe and setting fire to her clothing.

—A mother and daughter were killed while crossing a railroad track in a sleigh, near Bangor, Me.

—The commissioners appointed to confer with the creditors of the city of Memphis on the basis of fifty cents on the dollar have made a report. It appears that the creditors are generally satisfied with the offer.

—Special advices from New Orleans place the number of lives lost by the steamer Yazoo disaster at eighteen.

—The steamboat Yazoo, from New Orleans, sank near Donaldsonville, La. Some sixteen of those on board were lost.

—The *Herald* Ohio Flood Fund has now reached a total of over $27,000. The citizens of Cincinnati have contributed the handsome sum of $1,674.38.

—After anxiously tying up the watchman of a Springfield (Mass.) factory three times without long-term leaks over the safe and obtained $20,000 of diamonds and watches.

—Three men were killed and eight injured at the burning of the Dunlap elevator, Albany. The men were buried under the falling walls.

—One ball from a pistol fired at Paris, Texas, killed a merchant and a bootblack, besides wounding a traveling druggist.

—Henry N. Hyndman, the treasurer of the Pacific Postal Telegraph Association, has embezzled $30,000 of the fund.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

—Judge Libby, an old man, was assaulted by S. W. Dorsey, of Star Route fame, on Tuesday morning, and severely injured. Owing to Mr. Libby's advanced age and the nature of his injuries, his physician apprehends a serious result.

—A report is current in Washington that a short time before the adjournment of Congress one more effort will be made by some person unknown to nominate ex-Secretary Boutwell by shouting into a carriage in which he was seated while returning from one of the night sessions at the Capitol. Mr. Blaine treats the matter lightly.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

—The steamer Navarre, bound from Copenhagen to Leith, foundered during the gale of Thursday. There were eighty-one persons, mostly emigrants, on board, only sixteen of whom were saved.

—The revenue of Russia last year exceeded that of 1881 by 13,000,000 rubles.

—Minister Wallace is endeavoring to obtain better facilities for owners of petroleum warehouses in Turkey.

—The French Chamber of Deputies by a vote of 307 to 182 supported Premier Ferry by rejecting the proposal to consider the revision of the constitution.

—From the Bank of England £100,000 in bullion have been drawn for shipment to New York.

—The French government decided to release Frank Byrne.

—The House of Lords have appointed a committee of inquiry into the effect of the Irish Land act.

—Mr. Gladstone's belief of the evacuation of Egypt by British troops within six months was based on the satisfactory condition of affairs there.

—Emperor William has accepted the resignation of General von Kameke as Prussian Minister of War.

—The relations between Germany and England are said to be satisfactory.

—The Dublin Town Council has expelled Canny, the informer.

—Heavy rains have occurred in Bombay, destroying 240 houses and rendering hundreds of persons homeless.

—Dublin authorities expect to implicate Irish members of Parliament in the murder conspiracy.

—A French gunboat and four men-of-war have arrived off the coast of Madagascar. The inhabitants are preparing for war.

—Prince Bismarck is confined to his bed. He is again suffering with neuralgia.

—Under date of Jakutsk, Siberia, December 8, 1882, Lieut. Harber writes to the Secretary of the Navy that he is unable to learn anything of the missing people of the Jeannette. The natives all along the coast have been interviewed, but all are ignorant of any intelligence of the party.

—At a meeting of the Local Board of Swinford, County Mayo, Ireland, it was reported that great distress prevailed in the district. Over thirty persons are in the poorhouse suffering from famine fever. There are seven hundred women on the list of persons needing relief. The distress has not been so great since the year 1847. People who refuse to enter the workhouse are dying from want of food outside.

—M. Perry says that he will oppose a revision of the French constitution.

—The extradition of Walsh has been demanded by the English Government.

—Great Britain is said to demand the annulment of the decree expelling the Salvation Army from Switzerland.

—Six thousand men are said to be enrolled in the secret society which Walsh was organizing in the north of England.

The Appropriation Bills.

Mr. Hiscock, Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, has furnished for publication the following statement relative to the appropriation bills passed at the last session and which have become laws:

The aggregate amount of all the bills is $529,527,511.36, made up as follows: Pensions, $66,378,000; Military Academy, $318,657.50; fortifications, $670,000; consular and diplomatic, $1,226,735; army, $15,894,434.29; army, $24,681,350; Post Office, $44,480,320; Indian, $6,262,695.91; legislative, $20,464,296.22; sundry civil, $23,906,147.47; District of Columbia, $1,690,867.22; deficiency, $2,813,187.80; agricultural, $4,005,640; miscellaneous bills involving appropriations of money, $750,000.

The aggregate of the appropriations for last year, including $18,758,870 for the River and Harbor bill, was $260,509,620, and for the preceding year, including $11,441,300 for River and Harbor bill, was $219,367,983.38. An analysis of the figures for the past three years show that the appropriations for the current expenses of the government, irrespective of the amounts for pensions, aggregate less than either of the two preceding years.

The regular Pension bills for the fiscal years 1882, 1883 and 1884 aggregate $232,575,000, the bill just passed being $220,375,000 in excess of the bill passed two years ago and $18,225,000 less than the bill of last year.

Of the Deficiency bill just passed only about $500,000 is on account of the current fiscal year. The Appropriation bills of the past session were based upon estimates aggregating $771,394,844. As reported from the House Committee on Appropriations they aggregated $-20,-[illegible]-208, as passed by the House, $626,-[illegible]-280, as reported by the Senate Committee on Appropriations, $621,-[illegible]-013, as passed by the Senate, $630,622,-141, and as finally passed by both houses, after adjustment by conference committee, $529,327,511.36—an increase of $9,244,708.18 over the aggregate originally passed by the House, and a decrease of $242,067,332.64 from the estimates.

A STORY OF THE WAR.

Why Grant Promoted Two Soldiers.

I met a man the other day called "Soldier Sam." He had served under Grant.

"I remember," said he, "that while we were down on the Mississippi a big barge loaded with bombs and grapeshot was lying across the wharf. Grant had given orders that no one should smoke on board that barge. I suppose the old tub had thousands of dollars' worth of powder under her decks. So the corporal set a guard there, and ordered him to shoot the first man who should cross the plank with a lighted pipe or cigar. Well, when the word got around we kept away, for we knew that the order meant business.

"One day when I was off duty Gen. Grant rode up on his horse. He wore a big blouse and a slouch hat. He had no star, no side-arms. We all knew him without the aid of trinkets."

"Is that the powder-boat?" he asked.

I told him it was.

He looked at me sharply over a red-hot cigar, and said: "I'll go on board, then."

I knew he'd never take that cigar out of his mouth except to eat or sleep, so I said: "General, if you walk across that plank smoking, the sentry will shoot you."

He saw that I was in earnest, but he said: "Don't you suppose he knows me?"

"Of course he does, General," I replied; "but he's been ordered to shoot the first man caught smoking on that barge, and he'll do it. That's the kind of chap he is."

Grant looked rather amused. I reckon he never intended to go near the old barge. He just wheeled his horse about and away he went.

That evening I told the sentry all about the talk. The next morning he and the Corporal were ordered up to the General's headquarters. The sentry was a black man, but when he heard that Grant wanted to see him he was rather white. He went up.

"Can you read?" asked Grant.

"No, sah; I neber had no chance to l'a'n."

"Do you always know me when you see me?"

"Yes, sah."

"Suppose I had gone on board that powder-boat with a lighted cigar, what would you have done?"

"Shoot you, sah."

"But I'm your General!" exclaimed Grant.

"Yes, sah; and we jes' obeys yo' orders," said the sentry.

Grant looked the men all over. The Corporal was trembling, and the sentry was actually pale; but both were as firm as rocks.

At last the General relaxed. "Well, sir," he said to the negro, "we'll make you a Corporal; and this other man shall be a Sergeant. I promote these men."

Threshing Corn.

F. D. Curtis, of Kirby Homestead, N. Y., gives us the following item, which although scarcely comprehensible, may be of use to the farmer:—A quantity of unhusked corn stowed at a barn was put through a threshing machine in half a day and measured seventy bushels shelled and cleaned as it was delivered from the machine. The stalks were crushed and torn into shreds so fine that the cattle ate the whole of them. The work was so quickly and well done that next fall it is my intention to husk the most of the corn in this manner, choosing a time when both the corn and the stalks are as dry as possible. The stalks will keep better in a mow in this form, as they lie up loose and will not pack so closely as when in bundles and consequently be less liable to mould. The worst difficulty is in the case of the shelled corn which must be spread out on a floor and shoveled over frequently to prevent it from getting musty, which it would be liable to do at that season of the year. The kernels are somewhat broken by the process which would reduce its value for selling, but which does not injure it for home use. By hanging a blanket in front of the cleaner or fanning mill none of the kernels would fly out and mix with the stalks.

The broken cobs are mixed with the stalks and are also eaten by the cattle. There is a small amount of nutriment in corncobs and by this process they are also utilized and turned to good account. The gain in the entire consumption of the cornstalks, when thus broken in pieces, is an important consideration and makes the handling of the manure much easier than when the whole stalks are mixed with it. They are also reduced to a condition to be immediately available for enriching the ground in the form of animal excrement, besides contributing to the sustenance of the animals to the extent of their value as food, which is greater than many farmers suppose, as the sugar and gums in them are not lost by drying, but in a dried form are retained in them, needing only to be masticated and digested to be made available. The same result may be obtained, but not in so good a form, by passing the stalks through a cutting machine and cut into small pieces. The threshing machine does this work more effectually, because when cattle are fed for any length of time on cornstalks cut into short bits, their mouths are liable to become sore by the sharp edges, and they will not eat them as well as when torn into fine shreds and crushed as they are by the threshing machine.

A Fancy Dress.

At a fancy ball recently at Sydney, New South Wales, Mrs. J. M. Sweet, the wife of the editor of the *Morning Herald*, appeared as the "Press" in several pages of the paper named, printed in colors in a beautiful white satin. Every column was in a different color, and each was brought out as distinctly as if printed on paper in the ordinary issue. The body was represented with flags of the various colonies—all in their proper colors. The head dress was that of Minerva, with the words, The Press, in bold relief, printed in thirteen different colors. The costume was much admired.

OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES says that bad air, bad whisky, and irregular habits keep the doctors alive. He must be mistaken. Those very things have killed several doctors in this city.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

THE FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

The More Important Laws which were Passed by that Body.

Among the more important bills passed by the last Congress were the following:

The Tax and Tariff bill (to reduce the revenue); the Civil Service bill; Japanese Indemnity Fund bill; to provide for a new mixed commission in accordance with the treaty of April 25, 1806, with the United States of Venezuela; to modify the postal money order system and for other purposes; to readjust the salaries of postmasters; to afford assistance and relief to Congress and the executive departments in the investigation of claims and demands against the government; to prevent the importation of adulterated tea; to encourage the holding of a world's industrial and cotton centennial exposition in 1884; to amend the act repealing the discriminating duties on goods produced east of the Cape of Good Hope, granting the right of way for railroad and telegraph purposes through the Fort Smith reservation, Arkansas; joint resolution to adjudicate the claims of the New York brokers for refunding taxes; to print the agricultural reports for 1881 and 1882; to allow Canadian grain to be brought over the border to be ground; joint resolution for the binding of the compendium of the census in two volumes; to erect a monument to General De Kalb; bill allowing bridges across Lake Champlain; joint resolution presenting the thanks of Congress to John F. Slater for an educational bequest to the colored people; to refund to the State of Georgia money expended for the common defense in 1777; to rectify and establish the title of the United States to the site of the military post at El Paso, Texas; authorizing the sale of certain property at Harrodsburg, Ky., belonging to the Soldiers' Home; ceding to the first taxing district of Tennessee a lot of land situated in that district; to reimburse the States of Oregon and California for moneys paid in the suppression of the Modoc War; to provide for the holding of a term of the District Court of the United States at Wichita, Kan., and for other purposes; extending the time for filing claims for horses lost by officers and enlisted men; to amend section 3,362, Revised Statutes, relating to the tax on Porque tobacco; to amend sections 1,926 and 1,927, Revised Statutes, so as to extend the jurisdiction of justices of the peace in Washington, Idaho and Montana Territories; to admit free of duty a monument to General Washington; authorizing the examination and auditing of certain claims against the Freedman's savings banks and the payment of certain dividends barred by the act of February 21, 1881; to increase the fees of witnesses in the star route cases from the west of the Mississippi River; to regulate the construction of bridges across the Ohio River; bill to regulate the tax on perique tobacco.

LIME-KILN CLUB NOTES.

Satisfaction in Being Good—No Admission—A Solemn Announcement.

[From the Detroit Free Press.]

"Dar' am not much cash satisfackshun in bein' good," said Brother Gardner, "but when de good man h'ars a knock on his doah at midnight de feelin' dat he kin git up an' open de doah an' ax whedder de pusson wants to borry camphor or mustard am worf de biggest co'ner lot in any city in de land."

"NO ADMISSION."

The Committee on the Sick reported that Brothers Shindig Watkins, Back Hold White and Liverpool Joseph had applied for financial relief on the ground that they were afflicted with boils.

"How many?" asked Brother Gardner.

"Three apiece, sah," replied the Chairman.

"I want to make a decishun right yere an' now," continued the President, "to de effeck dat biles doan' count in applyin' to de relief fund. A bile am simply a chilblain in an enlarged an' aggravated form, an' while de owner may be entitled to a resolushun expressin' our heartfelt sorrow, he can't draw any money. We will advise him what to use for a poultice, an' we will let him keep his seat while addressin' de Cha'r, but he must not expect us to go furder. Let it be distinctly understood by all dat biles, warts, chilblains, sore heels, toofache, sore eyes, pain in de chist, dyspepsia, chills an' cold in de head doan' entitle de lucky holder to a prize in de club."

A SOLEMN ANNOUNCEMENT.

Pickles Smith then arose in his most solemn manner and announced that he had a painful duty to perform. Brother Integrity Taylor, a local member who was voted in about a year ago, knocked at his door at midnight on the night previous and announced that he was about to depart for Canada by a short cut across the frozen river. While he felt a swelling of the heart at the idea of severing his connection with the club, a wife whom he left in a sudden manner in Ohio seven years ago had arrived in Detroit in company with an officer to look him up and demand explanations. Rather than scandalize the club he would jump out and begin life anew in some secluded Canadian village where no one would know how many wives he had run away from nor suspect the canker at his heart. He had left money to pay up all dues, surrendered his certificate, and gone away with tears in his eyes and a good word for all brother members.

On motion of Giveadam Jones a vote of thanks was tendered the exiled member, and on motion of Waydown Bebee it was declared the hope of the meeting that neither of his wives would succeed in overhauling him.

A Home-made Telephone.

The *American Farmer* gives the following directions for making a cheap home-made telephone:

To make a good and serviceable telephone, good from one farm house to another, only requires enough wire and two cigar boxes. First select your boxes, and make a hole about half an inch in diameter in the center of the bottom of each, and then place one in each of the houses you wish to connect; then get five pounds of common iron stove pipe wire, make a loop in one end and put it through the hole in your cigar box and fasten it with a nail; then draw it tight to the other box, supporting it when necessary with a stout chord. You can easily run your line into the house by boring a hole through the glass. Support your boxes with slats nailed across the window, and your telephone is complete. The writer has one that is two hundred yards long and cost forty-five cents, that will carry music when the organ is played thirty feet away in another room.

A YOUNG politician explained the tattered condition of his trousers to his father by stating that he was sitting under an apple tree enjoying himself, when the farmer's dog came along and contested his seat.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

Provisions of the New Law Which Has Been Signed by the President.

The sections of the Tariff bill relating to internal revenue, which was signed by the President, are given in full below. The reductions of special interest are those on tobacco, and it is on the question of rebate that possible confusion may hereafter arise. The conference committee changed the law as it passed the Senate in only three particulars, the most important being the change of date when the reduction of the tobacco tax goes into effect from July 1, 1883 to May 1:

SECTION 1. That the taxes herein specified, imposed by the laws now in force, be, and the same are, hereby repealed, as hereinafter provided, namely: On capital and deposits of banks and bankers and national banking associations, except such taxes as are now due and payable, and on and after the first day of July, 1883, the stamp tax on bank checks, drafts, orders and vouchers, and the tax on matches, on perfumery, medicinal preparations and other articles imposed by schedule A, following section 3,437 of the Revised Statutes; provided that no drawback shall be allowed upon articles embraced in said schedule that shall be exported on and after the first day of July, 1883; provided further, that on and after May 15, 1883, matches may be removed by manufacturers thereof from the place of manufacture to warehouses within the United States without attaching thereto the stamps required by law, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

SEC. 2. That on and after the 1st day of May, 1883, dealers in leaf tobacco shall annually pay $12; dealers in manufactured tobacco shall pay $2.40; all manufacturers of tobacco shall pay $6; manufacturers of cigars shall pay $8. Peddlers of tobacco, snuff, and cigars shall pay special taxes, as follows: Peddlers of the first class, as now defined by law, shall pay $60, peddlers of the second class shall pay $15, peddlers of the third class shall pay $7.20, and peddlers of the fourth class shall pay $3.60. Retail dealers in leaf tobacco shall pay $250, and 30 cents for each dollar on the amount of their monthly sales in excess of the rate of $500 per annum; provided that farmers and producers of tobacco may sell at the place of production tobacco of their own growth and raising at retail directly to consumers, to an amount not exceeding $100 annually.

SEC. 3. That hereafter the special tax of a dealer in manufactured tobacco shall not be required from any farmer, planter or lumberman who furnishes such tobacco only as rations or supplies to his laborers or employees, in the same manner as other supplies are furnished by him to them; provided, that the aggregate of the supplies of tobacco so furnished by him shall not exceed in quantity one hundred pounds in any one special tax year, that is, from the first day of May in any year until the thirtieth day of April in the next year; and provided further, that such farmer, planter, or lumberman shall not be, at the time he is furnishing such supplies, engaged in the general business of selling dry goods, groceries, or other similar supplies, in the manner of a merchant or storekeeper, to others than his own employees or laborers.

SEC. 4. That on and after May 1, 1883, the internal taxes on snuff, smoking and manufactured tobacco shall be 80 cents per pound, and on cigars which shall be manufactured and sold or removed for consumption or sale on and after the 1st day of July, 1883, there shall be assessed and collected the following taxes, to be paid by the manufacturer thereof: On cigars of all descriptions, made of tobacco or any substitute therefor, $3 per 1,000; on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000, 50 cents per 1,000; on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per thousand, $8 per thousand; provided that on all cigarettes and unbroken factory packages of smoking and manufactured tobacco and snuff, cigars, cheroots, and cigarettes, held by manufacturers or dealers at the time such reduction shall go into effect, on which the tax has been paid, there shall be allowed a drawback or rebate of the full amount of reduction. But the same shall not apply in any case where the claim has not been presented within sixty days following the date of the reduction, and such rebate to manufacturers may be paid in stamps at a reduced rate, and no claim be allowed or drawback paid for a less amount than $10.

SEC. 5. That on and after the passage of this act, every manufacturer of tobacco or snuff shall, in addition to all other requirements of law, print on each package, or affix to each package by pasting on each package containing tobacco or snuff manufactured by or for him, a label, on which shall be printed the number of the manufactory, the district and State in which it is situated, and these words: "Notice.—The manufacturer of this tobacco has complied with all the requirements of law. Every person is cautioned, under penalties of law, not to use this package for tobacco again."

When the devil goes to prayers he means to cheat you, and when the politician is especially anxious to save the country, it means that he is after a fat government contract.

A LETTER boy in school gave one of the best definitions ever given of economy: "Paring potatoes thin."

MARKET NOTES.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The Wholesale New York market quotations show:

BEEF.—Prime, $3.70@$3.75; fair to good, $2.00@$2.25 per bushel.

BUTTER.—New York sold at 28@29c. for choice in pails, and 20@22c. common to good. Western Creamery sold at 26@26½c., and the common Western at 18@20c.

CHEESE.—Factory fancy, 13½@14c.; do. fair to good, 12@12c.

EGGS.—Quotations ranged from 23½c. for ordinary, to 25c. for New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

FLOUR.—Superfine, $3.70c@4.10; Western, $4.65@$6.00; extra New York, $4.10@$7.00.

HAY.—Shipping, 60@85c.; clover, 55@70c. salt, 65c.; straw, 50@55c.

HOPS.—New York, —@35c.; Eastern, 35@36c.; Pacific Coast, 30@32c.

PETROLEUM.—Refined, 7¾c.; crude, 6½@7¼c in bulk; in barrels, 8¾c.; naphtha, 6½c. in shipping order, and 11½@12c. in cases.

PORK.—New mess, $19.25@19.75; dressed hogs, 7½@8½c.

WHEAT.—Spring No. 3, —@91½c.; Milwaukee, No. 2, $1.26; amber, $1.32@$1.40; No. 1, $1.37@$1.40.

CORN.—Ungraded Western Mixed, 63@73½c.; Steamer Mixed, 69½@70¾c. in elevator, 71½c. delivered; No. 2, 72¾@73c. in elevator, 73½@74c. delivered; White Southern, 73½c delivered.

RYE.—State, 75@78c.

WOOL.—Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia, XXX, 45@46c.; XX, 42@44c.; X, 42@43c.; No. 1, 45@46c.; fine delaine, common, 35@36c.; New York and Western XX and X, 39@40½c.; No. 1, 44@45c.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

FLOUR.—State family, —@$4.75; rye flour, $5.00@$5.12½; wheat, State, $—@$1.13; amber, $1.43; corn, yellow, 54½c.; mixed State, 53c.

PETROLEUM.—Refined, 7¾c.; crude, 6¼c.

WOOL.—Pennsylvania and Western XX, 46@46c.; X, 42@43c.; medium, 50@51c.; coarse, 44c.

BOSTON MARKET.

FLOUR.—From $3.50@$4.00 for low and medium, to $5.00@$6.00 for choice Minnesota. Corn, 70@72c. for mixed and yellow.

BUTTER.—Northern, 20c.@25c.; Vermont dairy, 26@28c.; choice creamery, 35@36c.

CHEESE.—13@14c.

EGGS.—22@24c.

HAY.—Choice, $17@$18.

CATTLE MARKETS.

BUFFALO.—Cattle, good quality, $5.10@$5.30; hogs, fair to good, $7.30@$7.65; best, $7.80.

EAST LIBERTY, PENN.—Best cattle, $5.75@$6.25; medium to good, $4.50@$5.50; common to fair, $3.00@$4.25; Hogs, Yorkers, $7.20@$7.40; Philadelphias, $7.60@$7.80. Sheep, $4.00@$4.50.

WATERTOWN, MASS.—Cattle, choice, 4 —@4½c.; extra, $5.75@$6.25; first quality, $5.25@$5.75; second quality, $4.25@$5.25; third quality, $4.00@$5.00. Sheep and lambs—wool sheep, $2.50@$5.00; extra, $5.75@$6.50; spring lambs, 6@6c. Veal calves, 5@7½c.

REVENGE is an act of passion; vengeance of justice. Juries are revenged; crimes are avenged.

If you want a beautiful complexion and smooth skin, use the Bayberry Glycerine Soap, made by The Clinton M'f'g Co., Clinton, Conn.

AS CHARITY covers a multitude of sins before God, so does politeness before men.

"Most Satisfactory."

NEWBURGH, N. Y., May 27, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.—SIRS—I have derived the most satisfactory results from the use of your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

A. C. SMITH.

HE who can at all times sacrifice pleasure to duty, approaches sublimity.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Perro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Carnrick, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

BE a philosopher; but amidst all your philosophy—be still a man.

PATIENCE is the panacea; but where does it grow, or who can swallow it?

DR. PIERCE'S "Favorite Prescription" is not extolled as "cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent specific in those chronic weaknesses peculiar to women. Particulars in Dr. Pierce's pamphlet treatise on Diseases Peculiar to Women, 96 pages, sent for three stamps. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

TO KNOW how to wait is the great secret of success.

"Buchu-Paiba."

This quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, $1. Druggists.

A ROOM hung with pictures is a room hung with thoughts.

CUROLITHOS collars and cuffs for gentlemen are easily washed, and do not require ironing.

GOOD taste is the flower of good sense.

A GOOD name at home is a tower of strength abroad. Ten times as much Hood's Sarsaparilla used in Lowell as of any other.

STIFF in opinion, always in the wrong.

The Frazer Axle Grease

is the best in the market. It is the most economical and cheapest, one box lasting as long as two of any other. One greasing lasts two weeks. It received first premium at the Centennial and Paris Expositions, also medals at various State fairs. Buy no other.

THE mind grows narrow in proportion as the soul grows corrupt.

DR. PIERCE'S "Pellets"—little liver pills (sugar-coated)—purify the blood, speedily correct all disorders of the liver, stomach, and bowels. By druggists.

THE soul without imagination is what an observatory would be without telescope.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup.

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c

BETTER be unborn, than untaught; for ignorance is the root of misfortune.

THOUGH SALT RHEUM

Does not directly imperil life, it is a distressful, vexatious and resolute complaint. Patient endurance of its numerous very small watery pimples, hot and smarting, requires more fortitude. If the discharged matter sticks, itches, and the scabs formed underneath a reddened surface, the disease has not departed, and Hood's Sarsaparilla, in moderate doses, should be continued.

FAMOUS CASE IN BOSTON.

"My little four-year-old girl had a powerful eruption on her face and head. Under her eyes it was regular scalding rot and sore, like a burn. Back of her ears it was red to above her hair close to her head. Five or six physicians and two of the best up her case as incurable, save that she might outgrow it. Was it best to maturate? I became alarmed. In three weeks, with Hood's Sarsaparilla, the sores began to heal; two bottles made her eyes as clear as ever. To-day she is as well as I am."

C. H. KERSEY, 168 D Street, South Boston.

ATTEST: I know John Carey. He is an honest, good man, whose statement is entitled to all entire credit. I believe what he says about his child's sickness. CLINTON H. COOK, Milk Street, Boston.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

Sold by Druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

"Best Cough Medicine in the World." Try it. Price 25 cents. H. KINGMAN & Co., Augusta, Maine.

FOR SPECIAL RATES for advertising in this paper, apply to the publishers of the paper.

PENSIONS TO ALL—Soldiers that were disabled by wounds, disease, accident or otherwise. Any disability entitles you to a pension. Widows, or parents, or children under 16 if the service or afterward, from causes which originated while in the service, are entitled to a pension. Now and honorable discharges obtained for soldiers. Increase of Pension obtained at any time when the disability warrants it. All pensioners who were rated too low are entitled to all increase of pension. Rejected and abandoned claims a specialty. Pensions, bounty, back pay, land warrants, etc., collected. Write with stamp, M. V. TIERNEY, Box 453, Washington, D.C.

Beautiful sets of Crockery Given Away with Tea Orders for Tea. Add'r P. O. Twist, Norwich, Ct.

A Stone Fence.

To construct a good stone fence, the surface should be taken off to the depth of six inches or more, according to soil. This can be done with plow and scraper at small expense, and the earth taken out should be banked up to the wall after it is built. The foundation should be about three feet broad and the wall tapered up on each side equally to one foot on top, to be capped with one stone. When the stones are small, as is usual with field stone, three or four courses of flat sticks should be laid across to hold it from falling down by the action of frost on the foundation. For this purpose cedar timber is the best, but any timber that splits freely will do, and even old staves and refuse boards are often used. Where field or quarry stone are not found on the farm for fencing, either wood or iron must be used.

Deserts.

The largest desert is that of Sahara, a vast region of Northern Africa, extending from the Atlantic Ocean on the west to the valley of the Nile on the east. Its length from east to west is about 3,000 miles, its average breadth about 900 miles, its area 2,000,000 square miles. The town of Timbuctoo, about eight miles from the Niger River, is surrounded by desert, but at a distance of a few days' journey to the northeast and north are the oases of Mahrook and Arawan. Rain falls in torrents in the Sahara at intervals of five, ten and twenty years. In the summer the heat during the day is excessive, but the nights are often cold. In winter the temperature is often below freezing point.

A ORANGER whose name is Bob Shield,
Was mowing the grass in his field,
By a snake he was bitten,
And he has just written,
"St. Jacobs Oil has the bite healed."

A lame Chinaman on the Pacific,
Of pains and aches was prolific;
He limped all around,
Until he had found
St. Jacobs Oil, the great specific.

ANDOORNED.—The Legislature of Arkansas adjourned out of respect to the memory of a member who had committed suicide while intoxicated.

IT IS an undeniable fact that many serious attacks of disease have been prevented in time by promptly administering the proper homœopathic remedy. Every household should have a book on domestic practice and chest of remedies for emergencies. Price lists describing the various styles with prices can be obtained by writing to any of BOERICKE & TAFEL'S PHARMACIES, New York, Philadelphia, New Orleans, Baltimore or Chicago.

THE virtue of a coward is suspicion.

"Accept Our Gratitude."

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.—*Dear Sir*—Your "Golden Medical Discovery" has cured my boy of a fever sore of two years' standing. Please accept our gratitude. Yours truly,

HENRY WHITING, Boston, Mass.

THE true eye for talent presupposes the true reverence for it.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

HE hath riches sufficient who hath enough to be charitable.

STRAIGHTEN your boots and shoes with Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners, and wear them again.

REVENGE is the act of a coward; forgiveness the attribute of the brave.

ST. JACOBS OIL

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

Defies no Rival Claims

RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.

FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.

The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Successors to A. Vogeler & Co.)
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

ESTABLISHED 1815.

Invalids who are recovering vital strength from its use should be grateful terms their appreciation of the merits, as a tonic, of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Not only does it impart strength to the weak and debilitated, but it acts as an invigorant to all the organs intermediate between those who suffer from indigestion and kidney troubles and the vigorous and healthy. Sold by druggists and dealers generally.

411 4th Ave., N.Y. EMIL Le MOULT.

How to Preserve Flowers.

How to preserve flowers in their perfect state of beauty has been the study of man here and abroad for years, but very little was accomplished. On calling a few days ago at Mr. Le Moult's Educational, 411 Fourth Avenue, this artist, with his usual politeness, showed us through his different departments, and we may say we were well pleased with our visit. Mr. Le Moult has gained a world-wide reputation as a preserver of natural flowers, and his many years of study in inclosed walls has been rewarded by his success in preserving flowers in all their natural beauty.—*From Frank Leslie's "Ladies' Journal."*

By a process entirely my own, I can so perfectly preserve even the most delicate flowers that they will last forever. Highest prize and special award at all principal expositions.

Everlasting Designs of Natural Flowers

The beauty of these is great, they equal fresh flower decorations, and have the additional merit of permanence. Very suitable for parties, churches, birthdays, fairs, funerals, grave decorations, etc. Horseshoes, baskets, wreaths and crosses made of bright-colored flowers and skillfully arranged. Price, according to size, $1.50, $2.50, $3.50, (extra large) $5.

Funeral Designs a Specialty.

Wreaths or crosses same price as colored designs. No extra charge for any name or motto you may desire on your work. Estimates given on all the latest designs, such as Vacant Chair, Scroll of Honor, Gates Ajar, Bells, Horn of Plenty, Sickles, Broken Columns, Pillows, Masonic, Odd Fellow Hubs, Harps, Anchors, etc. Send for Circular and Price List. Send for lists! Any book mailed for retail price.

EMIL Le MOULT,
411 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

School Music!

The Largest Assortment in the World.

Five Hundred Instructors for all Instruments

including the world-famous Richardson's New Method for Pianoforte ($3.50) and Mason's Method for Reed Organs, always ready for the Music Department of SOMERBY'S ART STORE. Send for lists! Any book mailed for retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
Chas. H. Ditson & Co., 867 Broadway, N. Y.

XX—NOTICE.—XX.

AS BLUE FLANNEL GARMENTS

Of Inferior Quality of Goods

are sold as the "genuine Middlesex," which are not made at all. The Middlesex Company, in order to protect their customers, have adopted a trade-mark that hereafter all Clothing made from THE MIDDLESEX BOARD OF TRADE BLUE FLANNEL AND YACHT CLOTHS, sold by all leading clothiers, must have the Middlesex Company's trade-mark on the Selling Agents to all parties ordering the goods.

WENDELL, FAY & CO.,
SELLING AGENTS, MIDDLESEX COMPANY,
96 and 98 Worth St., New York. 127 Chauncy St., Boston; 214 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

USE NONE BUT THE BEST.
THE GREAT FAMILY SOAP MAKER
SAPONIFIER
THE ORIGINAL CONCENTRATED LYE
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS
PENN'A SALT MF'G CO. PHILA.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

SOLD AND NOT WORN OUT.

AGENTS make money selling our Family Medicines. No capital required. Standard Cure Co., 197 Pearl St., N. Y.

80 SHEETS fine writing paper, in blotter, with envelopes, by mail for 25c. Agents Wanted. ECONOMY PRINTING CO., Newburyport, Mass.

$72 A WEEK. $12